FACT SHEET

ISSUE:Senate Holds on Military PromotionsPREPARED BY:SASC Majority StaffDATE:September 12, 2023

For seven months, the senior senator from Alabama has blocked the promotions of all general and flag officer promotions pending on the Senate floor. The senator placed this hold on account of his disagreement with a Department of Defense (DOD) policy that provides leave and travel authorities for military servicemembers and their families who must travel to seek non-covered reproductive healthcare, including abortion care, in vitro fertilization (IVF) services, and others.

As of September 12, 2023 the senator is blocking 273 individual promotions. This number does not account for the hundreds of military spouses and children who cannot move to new duty stations, enroll in new schools, and seek new jobs, nor does it account for the millions of servicemembers who are now serving without Senate-confirmed leaders and commanders.

The following fact sheet provides details on the impacts of these holds, as well as fact checks on certain recurring claims by the Senator from Alabama.

Military Promotions on Hold

(As of: September 12, 2023)

- A full list of all promotions being held is included at the end of this document (Appendix A).
- 273 total nominations:
 - Total # O-7s (1-star): 139
 - Total # O-8s (2-star): 70
 - Total # O-9s (3-star): 54
 - Total # O-10s (4-star): 10
- Especially critical nominations include:
 - o General Charles Q. Brown, Jr., USAF to be Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff
 - General Randy A. George, USA to be Chief of Staff of the Army
 - General Eric M. Smith, USMC to be Commandant of the Marine Corps
 - LTG Timothy D. Haugh, USAF to be Commander, US Cyber Command and Director, National Security Agency
 - RADM Frederick W. Kacher, USN to be vice admiral and Commander, SEVENTH Fleet
 - RADM George M. Wikoff, USN to be vice admiral and Commander, FIFTH Fleet
 - RADM Shoshana S. Chatfield, USN to be vice admiral and US Military Representative to the North Atlantic Treaty Organization
 - o General Kenneth S. Wilsbach, USAF to be Commander, Air Combat Command
 - LTG Kevin B. Schneider, USAF to be general and Commander, Pacific Air Forces
 - MG Heath A. Collins, USAF to be lieutenant general and Director, Missile Defense Agency

- LTG Jeffrey A. Kruse, USAF to be lieutenant general and Director, Defense Intelligence Agency
- MG Sean A. Gainey, USA to be lieutenant general and Commanding General, US Army Space and Missile Defense Command
- RADM Yvette M. Davids, USN to be vice admiral and Superintendent, US Naval Academy
- In September, dozens more promotions are likely to be approved by the Senate Armed Services Committee and reported to the Senate floor, where they will be subject to the senator's hold. These nominations include:
 - Admiral Lisa M. Franchetti, USN to be Chief of Naval Operations
 - General David W. Allvin, USAF to be Chief of Staff of the Air Force
 - Admiral Samuel J. Paparo, Jr., USN to be Commander of U.S. Indo-Pacific Command
 - VADM Stephen T. Koehler, USN to be Admiral and Commander of U.S. Pacific Fleet

Impact on Military Readiness

The Senator from Alabama claims that his hold does not affect military readiness. This is false.

- The Secretary of Defense and every member of the Joint Chiefs of Staff have condemned the Senator's hold and <u>described the damage</u> it is doing to U.S. military leadership.
- The Secretaries of the Army, Navy, and Air Force have rebuked the Alabama senator and described the damage he is causing to military readiness. <u>As they write</u>, the senator "has prevented the Defense Department from placing almost 300 of our most experienced and battle-tested leaders into critical posts around the world."
- Seven retired Secretaries of Defense both Republican and Democratic have condemned the Senator's actions and called on him to drop his hold. A copy of their letter is <u>available here</u>.
- Critical posts being blocked by the senator include:
 - Five of the eight members of the Joint Chiefs of Staff:
 - General Charles Brown, the next Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff
 - General Randy George, the next Chief of Staff of the Army
 - Admiral Lisa Franchetti, the next Chief of Naval Operations
 - General David Allvin, the next Chief of Staff of the Air Force
 - General Eric Smith, the next Commandant of the Marine Corps
 - The nominee to be the Commander of Cyber Command, who also serves as the Director of the National Security Agency. Cyber and intelligence leadership has never been more critical to the nation.
 - The nominee to be of the next Commander of U.S. Indo-Pacific Command, the largest of the United States' combatant commands and the primary force in the Indo-Pacific region.
 - The nominee to be of the next Commander of the Navy's 7th Fleet, the largest of the Navy's forward deployed fleets, and which has responsibility for the Indo-Pacific area of operation.
 - The nominee to be the next Commander of the Navy's 5th Fleet, responsible for the naval and combined maritime forces in the Indian Ocean, Persian Gulf, and Arabian Sea under the overall command of US Central Command.

- The nominee to be the next United States Military Representative to NATO the senior uniformed representative to the alliance. This position is critical as NATO continues to provide support to Ukraine in its war against Russia, and as NATO itself is expanding to counter the threat posed by Russia to our European allies.
- The nominee to be the next Superintendent of the Naval Academy, during the summer months when new service academy superintendents need to be installed to ensure continuity from one academic year to the next.
 - Traditionally, the Senate ensures this nominee is approved and in place in time for the next class of midshipmen arrive to begin their academy training - which started several months ago. Now, future officers who will be commissioned in 2027 are being impacted by the Senator from Alabama.
- The broader impact on U.S. national security is incalculable. In the United States military, there is a total of 852 general and flag officers. By the end of this year, 650 of them will need to pass through the Senate for promotion or reassignment.
 - An additional 110 officers will be forced to perform two jobs simultaneously, or will be assigned to a temporary position as a result of the Senator's holds.
 - Thus, nearly 90 percent of the nation's general and flag officers will be affected by the Senator from Alabama's holds.

Impact on Military Chain of Command

The Senator from Alabama claims that holding general and flag officers does not affect military leaders' effectiveness or livelihoods. This is false.

- Defense leaders have warned of the dangers of weakened military leadership while the U.S. faces an unparalleled threat from China and a violent, unstable Russia threatening NATO. As they warn, to not have military leaders ready to command at a moment's notice is to flirt with disaster.
- Many of America's foreign allies and partners place high value on rank and protocol. Often, they are offended, or will outright refuse, to work with a lower ranking officer in high-level military-to-military discussions.
 - For example, if U.S. NORTHCOM Commander General VanHerck is forced to retire without a confirmed replacement (as is currently the expectation given the senator's hold), NORAD and its homeland defense mission will be commanded by a Canadian instead of an American.
 - In other parts of the world, our senior foreign partners are being asked to work with U.S. O-6s when they expect to be working with O-8s and O-9s. This is beginning to have an impact on our military-to-military relationships through the COCOMs and Security Cooperation Offices at embassies around the world.
- 61 officers are currently unable to assume new positions. This includes 41 who cannot move because their grade goes with the position for which they've been nominated, and another 20 officers who are projected to be assigned to a position now held by one of those 41.
- 22 officers who have been selected for their first star will have to assume the duties of the higher grade while serving as a field officer, not a flag officer. These officers are losing about \$2,600 per month, through no fault of their own.

- Similarly, 20 officers selected to the grade of O-8, or two stars, will assume duties of the higher grade while remaining in their current grade. These officers will lose nearly \$2,000 per month until this blockade is removed.
 - NOTE: The Senator claims that these officers will receive "back pay" when they are confirmed to their positions. This is false. There is no back pay mechanism for these officers. Their pay is tied to their rank, which is tied to their appointment to that rank, which cannot occur until the Senate provides its consent.
- 25 three- and four-star officers have had their retirements deferred to ensure continuity of command. Most of these officers have served for 30 or 40 years, mobilized for numerous combat deployments, and have missed countless birthdays, anniversaries, children's births, sports games, and music recitals.
- Included among the officers being blocked by the senator from Alabama are:
 - Officers with numerous combat tours of duty, including those who have been injured in combat.
 - Pilots who collectively have tens of thousands of flying hours and combat flying time.
 - NOTE: Military pilots are aggressively recruited to leave the service to fly for commercial airlines. The military cannot compete with the airlines on pay, but it has always competed on opportunity and mission. If career opportunity is compromised, patriotism will only carry one so far, particularly as the Senate's inaction is costing direct earnings for many of the nominees.
 - Military healthcare professionals, who, like pilots, have lucrative private sector options that will look even more attractive as their military careers are blocked in the Senate.
 - Combat commanders at all levels, who have risen through the ranks with the expectation and hope of leading and mentoring the next generation of combat leaders to ensure the highest standards of American military expertise and ethical conduct is passed on.
 - An Air Force officer who is an astronaut for NASA.

Legality of DOD's Policy

On July 19, leaders from the Department of Defense briefed the full Senate Armed Services Committee on the legality of the DOD's policies that support U.S. servicemembers who have to travel to seek reproductive healthcare services, including abortions. The DOD's personnel, health affairs, and general counsel offices <u>provided the committee with a report</u> detailing the legal processes and oversight functions the Department has followed in implementing its policies, concluding that:

- The Department of Justice has examined the Pentagon's policy and found it to be entirely legal, consistent with 40 years of legal precedent through both Republican and Democratic adminomnistrations.
 - Note: if Congress were to repeal the DOD policy, military servicemembers would have less reproductive healthcare access than federal prisoners. The Justice Department has long paid the travel costs for female inmates to receive reproductive care, and has upheld its legality.

- The Department of Defense General Counsel has also examined the policy, and found it to be legal and appropriate.
- The Secretary of Defense and every uniformed, apolitical member of the Joint Chiefs of Staff have endorsed this policy.
- The Senate Armed Services Committee has debated legislation to repeal the Department's policy, and has voted down that legislation.
- Every institution in the U.S. that is responsible for overseeing the Pentagon has reviewed this policy, upheld its legality, and disproven arguments to contrary.
- No lawsuits have been filed against the Department, as no lawyer or advocacy group seriously believe the policy is illegal.
- A copy of the DOD and DOJ legal analysis of the policy is <u>available here</u>.

Impact on Military Families

The Senator from Alabama claims that his hold does not affect military families. This is false.

- On July 25, the Secure Families Initiative delivered to the Senator <u>a petition signed by</u> <u>nearly 1,000 active duty military spouses</u>, calling on him to end his blockade and the harm it is doing to military families.
 - "No matter your political beliefs, we must agree that service members and military families will not be used as political leverage. It's time to end this political showmanship and recommit to respect the service and sacrifice of those who pledge to defend this nation."
- The petition also called on Senate Leadership to:
 - "Reiterate to Senator Tuberville the dangers and ramifications of his political grandstanding;
 - "Work together to resolve political and ideological disagreements outside the military space; and
 - "Expeditiously confirm all blocked promotions and fill existing vacancies."
- Military families bear the costs of the Senator's hold more than any other group. These affected families have been understandably reluctant to share their experiences, likely due to fear of political retribution. Anonymous examples include:
 - A Naval officer awaiting orders for an overseas assignment has been included in the Senator's hold. This officer's spouse was a teacher in a public school district in Virginia. Anticipating an overseas assignment with her spouse, this teacher ended her contract with her previous employer, but she has been unable to either accept a new contract at the overseas location, or recommit to returning to the Virginia public school district due to the uncertainty from the hold. She is currently unemployed.
 - Two children of affected officers were disenrolled from their current schools due to an expected change-of-station move, but now they cannot enroll in a new school because the Senator from Alabama has blocked their move.
 - Three officers have chosen to move their families at their own expense, with no option to be reimbursed, to ensure that their children will be enrolled in school, in the hope that they will be reunited with their families after the Senator from Alabama drops his hold.
 - A senior officer in a special operations unit with several children was anticipating a promotion and a duty station move, but the Senator from Alabama blocked his

promotion. This officer's children have been disenrolled from their current school, and cannot yet be enrolled in their new school, nor registered for sports teams.

- Because of the Senator from Alabama's hold, the Marine Corps was forced to cancel a coast-to-coast move for a senior officer and his family. This family's household goods had already been shipped, and are now waiting in storage at their future duty station while the officer covers the duties of another unfilled, more senior role at a temporary station.
- Two Air Force officers who sold their homes in anticipation of moves are living in temporary housing and paying their storage costs out of their own pockets. They have no clarity about how long their promotions will remain on hold, as they must continue their service in their current assignments to ensure continuity.
- These examples are but the tip of the iceberg, snapshots and stories of those willing to share. The true impact of the Senator's actions may not be known for years.
- Family impacts increased significantly in August traditionally a month during which many military families move to new duty stations and start new schools.

Voting on Individual Promotions

The Senator from Alabama claims that the Senate should "simply vote" on each military promotion. This is highly misleading.

- The Senator is not allowing a simple vote. By blocking the Unanimous Consent (UC) motions that have long been Senate practice for advancing large numbers of routine, apolitical military promotions, the Senator is forcing cloture on every promotion.
- Given the standing rules of the Senate, is virtually impossible for the Senate to process this volume of promotions through floor procedures.
- To process 250+ promotions with cloture, the nonpartisan Congressional Research Service concludes the following:
 - CRS estimates that it would take more than 700 hours to confirm all military promotions currently on the floor.
 - That is 30 days if the Senate votes around the clock, 24 hours a day.
 - That is nearly 100 days if the Senate votes 8 hours a day, considering no other legislation or civilian nominations.
 - \circ This estimation is only for the current list of 273 promotions, not accounting for the ~400 more promotions expected by the end of the year.
- In rare cases when Senate floor votes have been held for military promotions, the promotions have generally been approved by near-unanimous tallies.

Off-Ramps and Compromise Opportunities

The Senator from Alabama claims that he has not been offered opportunities for compromise. This is false.

- Senate leaders of both parties have offered the Senator from Alabama multiple off-ramps and opportunities for compromise.
- The Senate Armed Services Committee has twice debated and voted on legislation that would rescind the DOD policy. The legislation failed both times.
- Senate leaders have offered to allow a vote on the floor on legislation that would rescind the DOD's policy. The senator rejected that offer.

- Secretary of Defense Lloyd Austin has called the Senator multiple times to discuss the issue.
- Department of Defense staff have been in regular communication with the Senator's staff.
- As the senator recently told a podcast host, "I don't care if they promote anybody, to be honest with you."

APPENDIX A List of military promotions currently held on the Senate floor

As of: September 12, 2023

Note: Nominations are listed in the order in which they have been approved by the Senate Armed Services Committee. All 3- and 4-star promotions are highlighted in yellow.

- 1. Col. Leigh A. Swanson, USAF to be brigadier general (Reference No. 197)
- 2. MG Sean A. Gainey, USA to be lieutenant general and Commanding General, US Army Space and Missile Defense Command/US Army Forces Strategic Command (Reference No. 200)
- 3. MG Heidi J. Hoyle, USA to be lieutenant general and Deputy Chief of Staff, G-4, US Army (Reference No. 201)
- 4. BG Laurence S. Linton, USAR to be major general (Reference No. 202)
- 5. In the Army Reserve there are 2 appointments to the grade of major general and below (list begins with Stacy M. Babcock) (Reference No. 203)
- 6. MG Andrew J. Gebara, USAF to be lieutenant general and Deputy Chief of Staff for Strategic Deterrence and Nuclear Integration, Headquarters US Air Force (Reference No. 209)
- 7. MG Robert M. Collins, USA to be lieutenant general and Military Deputy/Director, Army Acquisition Corps, Office of the Assistant Secretary of the Army for Acquisition, Logistics and Technology (Reference No. 210)
- 8. In the Air Force there are 27 appointments to the grade of brigadier general (list begins with David J. Berkland) (Reference No. 196)
- 9. Col. Corey A. Simmons, USAF to be brigadier general (Reference No. 198)
- 10. **RADM George M. Wikoff, USN** to be vice admiral and Commander, US Naval Forces, Central Command/Commander, FIFTH Fleet and Commander, Combined Maritime Forces (Reference No. 211)
- 11. **RADM Frederick W. Kacher, USN** to be vice admiral and Commander, SEVENTH Fleet (Reference No. 212)
- 12. In the Air Force Reserve there are 11 appointments to the grade of brigadier general (list begins with Sean M. Carpenter) (Reference No. 290)
- 13. In the Air Force Reserve there are 2 appointments to the grade of brigadier general (list begins with Kristin A. Hillery) (Reference No. 291)

- 14. In the Air Force Reserve there are 10 appointments to the grade of major general (list begins with Elizabeth E. Arledge) (Reference No. 292)
- 15. Col. Carlos M. Caceres, USAR to be brigadier general (Reference No. 310)
- 16. **RADM Shoshana S. Chatfield, USN** to be vice admiral and US Military Representative to the North Atlantic Treaty Organization Military Committee (Reference No. 311)
- 17. Col. William F. Wilkerson, USAR to be brigadier general (Reference No. 359)
- 18. Col. Evelyn E. Laptook, USAR to be brigadier general (Reference No. 360)
- 19. BG Ronald R. Ragin, USA to be major general (Reference No. 361)
- 20. In the Army there are 37 appointments to the grade of brigadier general (list begins with Brandon C. Anderson) (Reference No. 362)
- 21. In the Marine Corps there are 8 appointments to the grade of brigadier general (list begins with David R. Everly) (Reference No. 363)
- 22. In the Navy there are 2 appointments to the grade of rear admiral (lower half) (list begins with Walter D. Brafford) (Reference No. 364)
- 23. In the Navy there are 16 appointments to the grade of rear admiral (lower half) (list begins with Eric J. Anduze) (Reference No. 365)
- 24. In the Navy there are 2 appointments to the grade of rear admiral (lower half) (list begins with Brian J. Anderson) (Reference No. 366)
- 25. In the Navy there are 2 appointments to the grade of rear admiral (list begins with Casey J. Moton) (Reference No. 367)
- 26. RADM(lh) Rick Freedman, USN to be rear admiral (Reference No. 368)
- 27. RADM(lh) Kenneth W. Epps, USN to be rear admiral (Reference No. 369)
- 28. In the Navy there are 13 appointments to the grade of rear admiral (list begins with Stephen D. Barnett) (Reference No. 370)
- 29. Capt. Frank G. Schlereth III, USN to be rear admiral (lower half) (Reference No. 371)
- 30. In the Navy there are 2 appointments to the grade of rear admiral (lower half) (list begins with Joshua C. Himes) (Reference No. 372)

- 31. In the Navy there are 4 appointments to the grade of rear admiral (lower half) (list begins with Thomas J. Dickinson) (Reference No. 373)
- 32. In the Air Force there are 2 appointments to the grade of major general (list begins with Thomas W. Harrell) (Reference No. 379)
- 33. LTG James W. Bierman, Jr., USMC to be lieutenant general and Deputy Commandant for Plans, Policies, and Operations, Headquarters, US Marine Corps (Reference No. 389)
- 34. In the Air Force there are 23 appointments to the grade of major general (list begins with Curtis R. Bass) (Reference No. 456)
- 35. MG Bradford J. Gering, USMC to be lieutenant general and Deputy Commandant, Aviation, Headquarters, US Marine Corps (Reference No. 458)
- 36. MG Gregory L. Masiello, USMC to be lieutenant general and Director, Defense Contract Management Agency (Reference No. 459)
- 37. **RADM James P. Downey, USN** to be vice admiral and Commander, Naval Sea Systems Command (Reference No. 460)
- 38. MG John W. Brennan, Jr., USA to be lieutenant general and Deputy Commander, US Africa Command (Reference No. 386)
- 39. VADM Karl O. Thomas, USN to be vice admiral and Deputy Chief of Naval Operations for Information Warfare, N2/N6, Office of the Chief of Naval Operations/Director of Naval Intelligence (Reference No. 387)
- 40. LTG Michael S. Cederholm, USMC to be lieutenant general and Commanding General, I Marine Expeditionary Force (Reference No. 457)
- 41. BG Derin S. Durham, USAFR to be major general (Reference No. 487)
- 42. In the Army Reserve there are 3 appointments to the grade of brigadier general (list begins with Brandi B. Peasley) (Reference No. 488)
- 43. BG William Green, Jr., USA to be major general (Reference No. 489)
- 44. MG Mark T. Simerly, USA to be lieutenant general and Director, Defense Logistics Agency (Reference No. 490)
- 45. MG Ryan P. Heritage, USMC to be lieutenant general and Deputy Commandant for Information, Headquarters, US Marine Corps (Reference No. 491)

- 46. VADM Craig A. Clapperton, USN to be vice admiral and Commander, Fleet Cyber Command/Commander, TENTH Fleet/Commander, Navy Space Command (Reference No. 492)
- 47. Col. Brian R. Moore, USAF to be brigadier general (Reference No. 501)
- 48. VADM Daniel W. Dwyer, USN to be vice admiral and Deputy Chief of Naval Operations for Warfighting Development (N7), Office of the Chief of Naval Operations (Reference No. 461)
- 49. **RADM Daniel L. Cheever, USN** to be vice admiral and Commander, Naval Air Forces/Commander, Naval Air Force, US Pacific Fleet (Reference No. 462)
- 50. RADM(lh) Darin K. Via, USN to be rear admiral (Reference No. 493)
- 51. RADM(lh) Darin K. Via, USN to be rear admiral (lower half) and Surgeon General of the Navy (Reference No. 502)
- 52. LTG Scott L. Pleus, USAF to be lieutenant general and Director of Staff, US Air Force (Reference No. 531)
- 53. BG Dale R. White, USAF to be lieutenant general and Military Deputy, Office of the Assistant Secretary of the Air Force for Acquisition, Technology and Logistics (Reference No. 532)
- 54. MG David A. Harris, Jr., USAF to be lieutenant general and Deputy Chief of Staff, Air Force Futures, Headquarters US Air Force (Reference No. 533)
- 55. MG David R. Iverson, USAF to be lieutenant general and Deputy Commander, US Forces Korea; Commander, Combined Air Component Command, United Nations Command; Commander, Combined Air Component Command, Combined Forces Command; and Commander, Seventh Air Force, Pacific Air Forces (Reference No. 534)
- 56. LTG Kevin B. Schneider, USAF to be general and Commander, Pacific Air Forces and Air Component Command for US Indo-Pacific Command (Reference No. 535)
- 57. MG Laura L. Lenderman, USAF to be lieutenant general and Deputy Commander, Pacific Air Forces (Reference No. 536)
- 58. MG David M. Hodne, USA to be lieutenant general and Deputy Commanding General, Futures and Concepts, US Army Futures Command (Reference No. 538)
- 59. MG Roger B. Turner, Jr., USMC to be lieutenant general and Commanding General, III Marine Expeditionary Force and Commander, Marine Forces Japan (Reference No. 540)
- 60. **RADM Yvette M. Davids, USN** to be vice admiral and Superintendent, US Naval Academy (Reference No. 541)

- 61. **RADM Brendan R. McLane, USN** to be vice admiral and Commander, Naval Surface Forces/Commander, Naval Surface Force, US Pacific Fleet (Reference No. 542)
- 62. **RADM John E. Gumbleton, USN** to be vice admiral and Deputy Commander, US Fleet Forces Command (Reference No. 543)
- 63. **RADM Christopher S. Gray, USN** to be vice admiral and Commander, Navy Installations Command (Reference No. 544)
- 64. VADM Charles B. Cooper II, USN to be vice admiral and Deputy Commander, US Central Command (Reference No. 545)
- 65. **RADM James E. Pitts, USN** to be vice admiral and Deputy Chief of Naval Operations for Warfighting Requirements and Capabilities, N9, Office of the Chief of Naval Operations (Reference No. 546)
- 66. General Kenneth S. Wilsbach, USAF to be general and Commander, Air Combat Command (Reference No. 579)
- 67. MG Linda S. Hurry, USAF to be lieutenant general and Deputy Commander, Air Force Materiel Command (Reference No. 580)
- 68. BG Miguel A. Mendez, ARNG to be major general (Reference No. 581)
- 69. Col. Marlene K. Markotan, USAR to be brigadier general (Reference No. 582)
- 70. **VADM William J. Houston, USN** to be admiral and Director, Naval Nuclear Propulsion Program, Department of the Navy/Department of Energy (Reference No. 583)
- 71. Col. David M. Castaneda, USAFR to be brigadier general (Reference No. 592)
- 72. **RADM Robert M. Gaucher, USN** to be vice admiral and Commander, Naval Submarine Forces/Commander, Submarine Force, United States Atlantic Fleet, and Commander, Allied Submarine Command (Reference No. 594)
- 73. **RADM Douglas G. Perry, USN** to be vice admiral and Commander, SECOND Fleet and Commander, Joint Forces Command Norfolk (Reference No. 595)
- 74. MG Karl H. Gingrich, USA to be lieutenant general and Deputy Chief of Staff, G-8, US Army (Reference No. 199)
- 75. In the Navy Reserve there are 3 appointments to the grade of rear admiral (list begins with Kenneth R. Blackmon) (Reference No. 390)

- 76. In the Navy Reserve there are 6 appointments to the grade of rear admiral (lower half) (list begins with Jeffrey A. Jurgemeyer) (Reference No. 391)
- 77. Capt. John E. Byington, USNR to be rear admiral (lower half) (Reference No. 392)
- 78. Capt. John A. Robinson III, USNR to be rear admiral (lower half) (Reference No. 393)
- 79. Capt. David E. Ludwa, USNR to be rear admiral (lower half) (Reference No. 394)
- 80. Capt. Peter K. Muschinske, USNR to be rear admiral (lower half) (Reference No. 395)
- 81. Capt. Marc F. Williams, USNR to be rear admiral (lower half) (Reference No. 396)
- 82. LTG Andrew M. Rohling, USA to be lieutenant general and Deputy Chairman, North Atlantic Treaty Organization Military Committee (Reference No. 593)
- 83. MG John B. Richardson IV, USA to be lieutenant general and Commanding General, First United States Army (Reference No. 650)
- 84. VADM Jeffrey W. Hughes, USN to be vice admiral and Deputy Chief of Staff for Capability Development, Supreme Allied Command Transformation (Reference No. 651)
- LTG Gregory M. Guillot, USAF to be general and Commander, US Northern Command/Commander, North American Aerospace Defense Command (Reference No. 679)
- 86. MG Heath A. Collins, USAF to be lieutenant general and Director, Missile Defense Agency (Reference No. 680)
- 87. LTG Jeffrey A. Kruse, USAF to be lieutenant general and Director, Defense Intelligence Agency (Reference No. 681)
- 88. MG Michael G. Koscheski, USAF to be lieutenant general and Deputy Commander, Air Combat Command (Reference No. 682)
- 89. LTG Donna D. Shipton, USAF to be lieutenant general and Commander, Air Force Life Cycle Management Center, Air Force Materiel Command (Reference No. 683)
- 90. MG Anthony R. Hale, USA to be lieutenant general and Deputy Chief of Staff, G-2, US Army (Reference No. 684)
- 91. LTG Laura A. Potter, USA to be lieutenant general and Director of Army Staff (Reference No. 685)
- 92. MG William J. Hartman, USA to be lieutenant general and Deputy Commander, US Cyber Command (Reference No. 686)

- 93. LTG John S. Kolasheski, USA to be lieutenant general and Deputy Commanding General, US Army Europe-Africa (Reference No. 687)
- 94. Col. Matthew N. Gebhard, USAR to be brigadier general (Reference No. 689)
- 95. Col. Katherine M. Braun, USAR to be brigadier general (Reference No. 690)
- 96. MG Leonard F. Anderson IV, USMCR to be lieutenant general and Commander, Marine Forces Reserves/Commander, Marine Forces South (Reference No. 539)
- 97. General Eric M. Smith, USMC to be general and Commandant of the Marine Corps (Reference No. 691)
- 98. LTG Timothy D. Haugh, USAF to be general and Director, National Security Agency/Chief, Central Security Service/Commander, US Cyber Command (Reference No. 678)
- 99. General Randy A. George, USA to be general and Chief of Staff of the Army (Reference No. 537)
- 100. General Charles Q. Brown, Jr., USAF to be general and Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff (Reference No. 677)
- 101. In the Army there are 2 appointments to the grade of major general (list begins with Mary V. Krueger) (Reference No. 775)
- 102. Col. Jack J. Stumme, USA to be brigadier general (Reference No. 776)
- 103. Col. James F. Porter, USAR to be brigadier general (Reference No. 787)
- 104. BG Beth A. Salisbury, USAR to be major general (Reference No. 788)
- 105. MG Michael J. Lutton, USAF to be lieutenant general and Deputy Commander, Air Force Global Strike Command (Reference No. 818)
- 106. LTG James J. Mingus, USA to be general and Vice Chief of Staff of the Army (Reference No. 819)
- 107. MG Thomas L. James, USA to be lieutenant general and Deputy Commander, US Space Command (Reference No. 820)
- 108. MG Charles D. Constanza, USA to be lieutenant general and Commanding General, V Corps (Reference No. 822)
- 109. MG James H. Adams III, USMC to be lieutenant general and Deputy Commandant for Programs and Resources, Headquarters, US Marine Corps (Reference No. 823)

- 110. LTG Michael A. Guetlein, USSF to be general and Vice Chief of Space Operations (Reference No. 826)
- 111. LTG Philip A. Garrant, USSF to be lieutenant general and Commander, Space Systems Command, US Space Force (Reference No. 828)
- 112. In the Space Force there are 3 appointments to the grade of major general (list begins with Donald J. Cothern) (Reference No. 829)
- 113. MG Shawn N. Bratton, ANG to be major general (Reference No. 866)
- 114. MG Shawn N. Bratton, USSF to be lieutenant general and Deputy Chief of Space Operations for Strategy, Plans, Programs, and Requirements (Reference No. 867)

TOTAL: 273

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