Stenographic Transcript Before the

COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES

UNITED STATES SENATE

HEARING TO CONSIDER THE NOMINATIONS OF: MR. JOHN SHERMAN TO BE CHIEF INFORMATION OFFICER OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE; MR. ASHISH VAZIRANI TO BE DEPUTY UNDER SECRETARY OF DEFENSE AND PERSONNEL AND READINESS; AND MS. CARRIE RICCI TO BE GENERAL COUNSEL OF THE DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

Thursday, October 28, 2021

Washington, D.C.

ALDERSON COURT REPORTING 1111 14TH STREET NW SUITE 1050 WASHINGTON, D.C. 20005 (202) 289-2260 www.aldersonreporting.com

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2	MR. JOHN SHERMAN TO BE CHIEF INFORMATION OFFICER OF THE
3	DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE;
4	MR. ASHISH VAZIRANI TO BE DEPUTY UNDER SECRETARY OF DEFENSE
5	AND PERSONNEL AND READINESS; AND
6	MS. CARRIE RICCI TO BE GENERAL COUNSEL OF THE DEPARTMENT OF
7	THE ARMY
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9	Thursday, October 28, 2021
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11	U.S. Senate
12	Committee on Armed Services
13	Washington, D.C.
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15	The committee met, pursuant to notice, at 9:30 a.m. in
16	Room SD-G50, Dirksen Senate Office Building, Hon. Jack Reed,
17	chairman of the committee, presiding.
18	Committee members present: Senators Reed [presiding],
19	Shaheen, Gillibrand, Blumenthal, Kaine, King, Warren,
20	Peters, Manchin, Duckworth, Rosen, Kelly, Inhofe, Ernst,
21	Tillis, Scott, Hawley, and Tuberville.
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OPENING STATEMENT OF HON. JACK REED, U.S. SENATOR FROM
 RHODE ISLAND

3	Chairman Reed: Good morning. And let me call the				
4	hearing to order. The Committee meets today to consider the				
5	nominations of Mr. John Sherman to be Chief Information				
б	Officer of the Department of Defense, Mr. Ashish Vazirani to				
7	be Deputy Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and				
8	Readiness, and Ms. Carrie Ricci to be General Counsel of the				
9	Department of the Army.				
10	I thank the nominees for their long careers of service				
11	to the United States and their willingness to assume these				
12	important responsibilities.				
13	I would also like to welcome the family members who are				
14	with us today. Mr. Sherman, I welcome your wife, Liz;				
15	daughter, Savannah; and son, Brad.				
16	Mr. Vazirani, I welcome your wife, Deborah.				
17	And Ms. Ricci, I welcome your brother, doctor John and				
18	daughter Maria. I had to get the "doctor" in there.				
19	Mr. Sherman, you are nominated to be the Chief				
20	Information Officer of the Department of Defense. The CIO				
21	is the principal advisor to the Secretary of Defense for a				
22	broad range of information and technology issues, including				
23	national security systems and information resource				
24	management.				
25	I would note your long record of distinguished public				

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www.trustpoint.one www.aldersonreporting.com 800.FOR.DEPO (800.367.3376) service, including your tenure as the CIO for the
 intelligence community.

3 The Defense Department is struggling with all aspects 4 of IT, which is critical to defense systems and the 5 operations of the Department as an effective enterprise. We б have seen continuous cybersecurity failures in the face of 7 ever-increasing threats, as well as failures in acquisition 8 programs ranging from the JEDI cloud computing effort to 9 software failures on the F-35 to the recent termination of 10 the Navy's contract-writing system programs.

11 At the same time, the Defense Department is struggling 12 to hire IT professionals to work in software development, cybersecurity, IT operations, and IT acquisition. 13 14 Furthermore, the IT industrial base, especially the 15 important hardware that runs these systems like 16 microelectronics and printed circuit boards are increasingly 17 moving offshore and will not remain trusted parts in Defense 18 supply chain.

19 I look forward to hearing how you will address these20 challenges if you are confirmed.

21 Mr. Vazirani, you are nominated to be Deputy Under 22 Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness. If 23 confirmed, you will assist the Under Secretary in addressing 24 many challenges for the Department, including first and 25 foremost, ensuring that our military has adequate numbers of

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1 ready and trained servicemembers of sufficiently high 2 character and talent to meet our defense objectives. You 3 will be responsible for assisting the Under Secretary in 4 military and civilian personnel policy; military, family, 5 and childcare programs; the Defense Department-run school 6 system; and working with the military servicemembers to 7 ensure the health and welfare of the force.

As the former CEO of the National Military Family 8 9 Association, and as a Navy veteran, I would ask that you 10 share what military family issues you believe need to be 11 addressed most and what recommendations you have to improve 12 readiness. In addition, the challenge of sexual harassment and sexual assault in the military has eroded trust and 13 14 faith in leaders' ability to effectively address this issue. 15 I would ask that you share your plans for addressing this 16 problem.

17 Ms. Ricci, you are nominated to be General Counsel of 18 the Department of the Army. This position has a broad scope 19 of responsibilities, including serving as legal advisor to 20 the Secretary of the Army, Chief Legal Officer of the 21 Department of the Army, and coordinating legal and policy 22 positions Army-wide. Your extensive legal career in the 23 Army, including prior service in the Army General Counsel's 24 Office while on active-duty should serve your well.

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There are a number of important duties that will

1 require your attention within the Department. It will be 2 your responsibility to assist the Secretary of the Army in addressing extremism in the military and implementing the 3 4 Independent Review Commission's recommendations regarding 5 prevention and response to sexual assault. 6 As a member of the Fort Hood Independent Review 7 Committee yourself, I would ask that you share how you plan 8 to use the information you have gained to assist the Army in addressing sexual assault. 9 Thank you, again, to our nominees. I look forward to 10 11 your testimonies. 12 Now, let me recognize the ranking member, Senator 13 Inhofe. 14 Senator? 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

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STATEMENT OF HON. JAMES INHOFE, U.S. SENATOR FROM
 OKLAHOMA

Senator Inhofe: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

And thanks to our witnesses for being here. I enjoyed the opportunity to personally meet them. We are very fortunate to have this group here with us this morning.

As this Committee has heard again and again from the military and the civilian officials, every threat we face continues to worsen our situation since the last National Defense Strategy came out in 2018. And that is the book that we continue to keep here and try to use this as our pattern, as we have in the past.

13 I certainly hope that the next National Defense 14 Strategy, with knowledge of the success of this in the past, 15 can give us the right direction for the future. If we want 16 to have any hope of keeping pace, we have got to achieve 17 real growth in Defense spending. I am very worried that 18 inflation next year will not only cut our troops' pay but 19 will also significantly delay the pace of our modernization 20 efforts.

We have seen the shocking pace of Chinese military modernization from missiles to ships, and now nuclear expansion and hypersonic strike weapons. You know, we have been hearing about this for a long time; now, we have seen it. It is happening. It is a reality.

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Some of the most difficult challenges are the less obvious ones, but just as important; in particular, the National Security Commission on Artificial Intelligence told us, quote, China, and this is a quote, China possesses the might, talent, and ambition to surpass the United States as the world's leader in AI in the next decade if current trends do not change.

8 That is a shocker. That is something that we are not used to in this country; a recognition that we are not 9 10 number one in everything. You know, when we talk to people, 11 when we go back to our districts and talk to people on the 12 ground, the real people that are paying for all of this fun 13 that we are having up here, they are the ones that realize 14 that, are starting to realize the problems that we are 15 having now, they are really unprecedented.

16 So, I am very much concerned about it. I am concerned 17 about what is going to happen with our troops and the things 18 that they are looking at now in terms of their futures, and 19 we need strong, capable civilian leadership in the 20 Department.

21 So, I thank you all again for your willingness to 22 serve.

23 Thank you, Chairman Reed.

Chairman Reed: Thank you very much, Senator Inhofe.
Now, let me recognize Mr. Sherman for his statement.

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STATEMENT OF JOHN SHERMAN, NOMINEE TO BE CHIEF
 INFORMATION OFFICER OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

3 Mr. Sherman: Good morning Chairman Reed, Ranking
4 Member Inhofe, and Committee Members.

I am honored to be President Biden's nominee to be the
Department of Defense Chief Information Officer and am
grateful for the chance to speak with you today.

8 First and foremost, I would like to thank Liz, my wife of 29 years, who also serves in national security. Her 9 10 support and love have been my rock. We are both so proud of 11 our grown children, Brad and Savannah, and their spouses, 12 Oksana and Kurt. I also want to recognize my parents, who 13 are no longer with us, but are no doubt here in spirit. 14 Along with a bit of their Texas accents, their lessons about 15 hard work, respect, and citizenship have stuck with me.

That word, citizenship, has really meant service to me and my family. Following my time as an Army officer, I served in the intelligence community and DoD for nearly 25 years, starting as an imagery analyst and later taking on a number of roles; ranging from Duty Officer in White House Situation Room on 9/11, to leading our impressive officers and senior executives in several agencies.

I have also had the opportunity to employ and manage new technologies on missions ranging from overhead reconnaissance to open-source intelligence. I saw firsthand

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how we gain advantage through capabilities like cloud computing and large-scale data analytics, and my experience in these areas led to my selection as the CIO of the entire IC.

5 Working with talented colleagues from across the б community, we built upon the flagship modernization effort 7 known as the IC Information Technology Enterprise. We made tough recommendations to cancel things that weren't working, 8 9 reinforced successes in areas like cloud, and sharpened our 10 focus on cybersecurity and interoperability. Put simply, we 11 ensured the IC's technology transformation would remain an 12 exemplar.

I was then humbled when asked to serve at DoD, first as 13 14 the Principal Deputy CIO, and for 8 months as the Acting 15 CIO. As we drove to achieve to Secretary Austin's priority 16 to stay ahead of our China pacing threat, our team pivoted 17 to an enterprise multi-cloud approach, which is foundational 18 for key priorities such as Joint All Domain Command and 19 Control (JADC2) and the Artificial Intelligence and Data 20 Accelerator Initiative, or (ADA). Additionally, we oversaw 21 the successful rollout of an enduring collaboration and 22 productivity capability to millions of DoD users and began 23 moving the Department towards stronger cybersecurity with an 24 approach called Zero Trust. The team also made substantial 25 progress on other critical portfolios, to include

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electromagnetic spectrum, positioning, navigation, and timing, IT reform, special access program IT, data transformation, software development, and support to artificial intelligence. The progress on these fronts has been substantial as well.

6 Throughout my career, enabling mission has always been 7 my foremost priority. At DoD, I believe the CI's success is 8 ultimately measured on how our warfighters, especially in 9 the Indo-Pacific, are able operate in a remote and 10 disconnected environment, and whether a pilot can still 11 strike targets when an adversary is trying to jam her GPS 12 signal.

These examples and many others are based on the Department's ability to transform at scale, with the very best technologies and cybersecurity, through constant and agile change, and with the whole team. If confirmed, I would be honored to shepherd and lead this effort.

I get out of bed every morning knowing our adversaries are not standing still in the technology realm, and we must not either.

Thank you for your time and consideration, and I look forward to your questions.

23 [The prepared statement of Mr. Sherman follows:]
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1	Chairman Reed: Thank you very much, sir.
2	Let me now recognize Mr. Vazirani, and I apologize for
3	the multiple pronunciations of your name, sir.
4	Mr. Vazirani: Well, thank you Chairman Reed.
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STATEMENT OF ASHISH VAZIRANI, NOMINEE TO BE DEPUTY
 UNDER SECRETARY OF DEFENSE FOR PERSONNEL AND READINESS

Mr. Vazirani: Good morning, Chairman Reed, Ranking Member Inhofe, and distinguished Committee Members. Thank you for the opportunity to speak with you today.

I am humbled and honored to be with you today as
President Biden's nominee for Deputy Under Secretary of
Defense for Personnel and Readiness and appreciate the
confidence President Biden, Secretary Austin, and Under
Secretary Cisneros have in me.

11 My father and his family fled Pakistan for India during 12 partition. They knew danger and turmoil; they left their 13 home with nothing but hope seeking opportunity. My father's 14 journey brought him to the United States to complete his 15 post-doctoral studies. It is here, in America, where he met 16 my mother, the daughter of an Indian Foreign Service Officer 17 stationed in Washington. After marrying, my parents 18 returned to India, where they started their family.

Having had a taste of the opportunity America offered, in 1967 they moved our young family to the United States, to pursue their American dream. My parents understood achieving that dream would require hard work, service, and sacrifice. After my father passed, my single mother of five children, put herself through law school and eventually married a Marine who lost his sight fighting in Vietnam. My

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stepdad's blindness didn't stop him; he continued serving as
 an advocate for veterans, founding the Blinded American
 Veterans Foundation and retired from the federal workforce
 after serving at the Corporation for National and Community
 service, where he helped establish the Vietnam Veterans
 Leadership Program.

7 Also a patriot and dedicated to service to our country, 8 my mother served as professional staff member in the 9 Maryland Legislature and United States Congress, serving as 10 counsel for several House committees including Government 11 Reform and Civil Service, all while caring for her children 12 and a blinded Marine.

I am humbled to have grown up in a home where service 13 14 to Nation and community was the family business. Growing 15 up, I learned that the American dream is about more than 16 what you achieve and build for yourself, but what you do for 17 others. These are values my wife Deborah and I have tried 18 to instill in our two amazing children, one of whom is 19 currently serving as a Marine, stationed in Twentynine 20 Palms.

My parents' example of service above self, to improve where needed, and innovate when required, inspired my decision to serve in the United States Navy and later, a career working with organizations, both public and private, to drive transformative change and care for our military

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families. I am honored to have the opportunity to continue
 that service as Deputy Under Secretary of Defense for
 Personnel and Readiness.

4 I believe the reason our military is the greatest the 5 world has seen is the people, military and civilian, who are б our defense community. They dedicate their lives and those 7 of their families, to a cause greater than themselves. They serve at the front lines, the garrisons, and in the 8 Pentagon, making sure that we are ready to deter and, if 9 10 necessary, fight and win wars. We must provide for the 11 training, education, health, safety, and well-being of those 12 who serve, in or out of uniform, to maintain readiness and 13 because it is the right thing to do. That care extends to 14 military families, transitioning servicemembers, retirees, 15 caregivers, and survivors who have made countless sacrifices 16 for our Nation.

17 If confirmed, I would strive to sustain a defense 18 community that continues to safeguard the freedom and 19 opportunity that my family has been fortunate to enjoy and 20 privileged to protect. The contemporary challenges to 21 readiness are significant: sexual assault, harassment, 22 suicide, spouse unemployment, COVID, and financial and food 23 insecurity. We face challenges in recruitment and 24 retention, shaping a defense community that reflects America 25 and is comprised of diverse, effective teams, prepared for

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tomorrow's fight. I believe America's people offer us our greatest distinct advantage over our adversaries, and that we must maintain the high levels of personnel readiness to maintain that edge.

5 To meet these challenges and support the people who put 6 country first requires innovation: a willingness to ask and 7 answer tough questions, rapidly test and learn, and scale 8 solutions. That is the role of the Deputy Under Secretary 9 for Personnel and Readiness.

If confirmed, I will work closely with the Under Secretary for Personnel and Readiness, Deputy Secretary, Service Secretaries, and Secretary to care for the total force and our military families, to meet readiness requirements, and achieve the nation's national security objectives.

I commit, if confirmed, that I will bring my best each day to serve those who serve us. I also commit to collaborating with this Committee in a transparent, agile, and responsive manner, to ensure that the Department is meeting our sacred obligation to support warfighters and their families.

Senators, thank you for the opportunity to be with you
here today. I look forward to your questions.

24 [The prepared statement of Mr. Vazirani follows:]

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1	Chairman Reed: Thank you very much.	
2	Ms. Ricci, please?	
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STATEMENT OF CARRIE RICCI, NOMINEE TO BE GENERAL
 COUNSEL OF THE DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

Ms. Ricci: Thank you, Chairman Reed, Ranking Member Inhofe, and distinguished Members of the Committee. It is an absolute honor to come before you today as President Biden's nominee for General Counsel of our great Army.

I am joined here today by my brother, Dr. John Ricci of New Jersey, and my daughter Maria Smith, a 10th grader with straight As, who happens to be missing her Government class today, and in her precocious way, was delighted to note that she would be seeing Government in action, so it would be okay.

My son, who is 21 years old, and a college student, could not be here. He was called on to work a shift at our local grocery store, much as he did during the height of the pandemic, where he worked 12 to 14 days straight and answered the call of duty.

This call of duty, this type of demonstration, it is endemic in our family, and I must thank my parents for that, Hector and Maria Ricci, who proudly hail from Puerto Rico and are watching today. It is they who instilled in me a great sense of duty and selflessness. They also instilled in me personal discipline, goodwill, and a belief in people, for which I am grateful.

25 I am also grateful to President Biden, Secretary

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Austin, and Secretary Wormuth for the confidence they have shown in me by nominating me for this position. If confirmed, I would be incredibly excited to return home to the Army and resume my service to its soldiers and civilians.

I served as an Army officer for just short of 22 years, first as a personnel officer, and then as a Judge Advocate, retiring at the rank of Lieutenant Colonel. Every day, I had the immense privilege of watching soldiers put their team, mission, and country first, taking great risks and making personal sacrifices to achieve our shared goals.

I remain grateful to my family and those of all our service members and civilians who make such service possible.

15 Should I be confirmed, my experiences in the Army have 16 prepared me well to assume the duties of General Counsel and 17 do right by our do right by our soldiers, civilians, and 18 family members. As a Judge Advocate, I worked on a broad 19 spectrum of legal issues including military justice, equal 20 opportunity, fiscal law, and operational and administrative 21 I deployed to the Middle East twice, first for law. 22 Operation Desert Storm in 1992 and then in support of 23 Operations Iraqi Freedom and Enduring Freedom in 2004. I 24 have served in operational and intelligence units and on 25 service and combatant command staffs. I have also served in

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the Office of the Judge Advocate General and the Office of
 the General Counsel.

I understand the importance of the collaborative relationship that must exist between these two offices. I have been fortunate to work with many of the lawyers who are still serving in these offices, including the current Judge Advocate General of the Army, an extraordinary leader with whom I served at Fort Hood.

9 Since retiring from the Army, I have worked as a 10 federal civilian lawyer, currently leading a dynamic team of 11 attorneys in the Office of the General Counsel at the 12 Department of Agriculture, many of whom insisted on watching 13 today, and I thank them for their support.

Last year, I was privileged to serve the Army as a civilian member of the Fort Hood Independent Review Committee, where our five-member team completed a comprehensive review of the Fort Hood command, climate and culture that has been the impetus for great change at Fort Hood and across the Army and even DoD.

If confirmed, I commit to serve our soldiers and civilians selflessly in ensuring the Office of the General Counsel provides the highest quality legal services to Secretary Wormuth and the Department, and to further the cooperative relationship enjoyed by the Department and this Committee.

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1 This is a momentous time; a time of great change for 2 the Army where they are embarking on a complete cultural 3 transformation for the benefit of its soldiers. At Fort 4 Hood, I witnessed the damage inflicted on soldiers and their 5 units by the prevalence of sexual assault and sexual 6 harassment.

7 If confirmed, I will ensure that current initiatives 8 respect the rule of law and due process and assist Army 9 leaders in bringing about real change for the brave men and 10 women that serve our country. The current momentum must not 11 fade: success is a must.

I am also committed to helping the Department tackle a range of challenges such as quality housing, on and near Army installations, beating the COVID pandemic, and ensuring we have the appropriate acquisition authorities to get our warfighters the equipment they need.

And for my Spanish-speaking friends and families who are watching: Gracias por su apoyo. Thank you for your support.

20 Senators, thank you for your consideration of my 21 nomination. I look forward to answering your questions. 22 [The prepared statement of Ms. Ricci follows:]

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1 Chairman Reed: Thank you very much, Ms. Ricci. 2 And now for all of the witnesses, I will ask a series 3 of questions that are required for all civilian nominees. 4 You may answer together. 5 Have you adhered to applicable laws and regulations 6 governing conflicts of interest? 7 [All three witnesses answered in the affirmative.] 8 Chairman Reed: Have you assumed any duties or taken 9 any actions that would appear to presume the outcome of the 10 confirmation process? 11 [All three witnesses answered in the negative.] 12 Chairman Reed: Exercising our legislative and 13 oversight responsibility makes it important that this 14 committee, its subcommittees and other appropriate 15 committees of Congress receive testimony, briefings, 16 reports, records, and other information from the Executive Branch on a timely basis. 17 18 Do you agree, if confirmed, to appear and testify 19 before this committee, when requested? 20 [All three witnesses answered in the affirmative.] 21 Chairman Reed: Do you agree to provide records, 22 documents, and electronic communications in a timely manner 23 when requested by this committee, its subcommittees, or 24 other appropriate committees of Congress and to consult with 25 the requestor regarding the basis of any good faith delay or

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800.FOR.DEPO (800.367.3376) 1 denial in providing such records?

2 [All three witnesses answered in the affirmative.] 3 Chairman Reed: Will you ensure that your staff 4 complies with deadlines by this committee for the production 5 of reports, records, and other information, including timely 6 responding to hearing questions for the record? 7 [All three witnesses answered in the affirmative.] 8 Chairman Reed: Will you cooperate in providing 9 witnesses and briefers in response to congressional request? 10 [All three witnesses answered in the affirmative.] Chairman Reed: Will those witnesses and briefers be 11 12 protected from reprisal for their testimony or briefings? [All three witnesses answered in the affirmative.] 13 14 Chairman Reed: Thank you very much. 15 Now, Mr. Sherman, DoD has been filling a critical role 16 in developing 5G technologies and the dual-use applications that will ride on top of the next generation of wireless 17 18 networks. 5G and the applications that 5G makes possible, 19 will drive future economic prosperity and, critically,

20 national security.

Do we need to sustain or even increase our level of investment and commitment to ensure that Chinese telecommunications companies do not dominate this critical infrastructure?

25 Mr. Sherman: Senator, 5G is critical to our

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1 warfighting capability both, training here in the

2 continental United States and then capabilities,

3 potentially, overseas.

4 In terms of development within the Department of 5 Defense, our continued focus on this going forward, between б research and engineering, the CIO, the services, and other 7 components to develop 5G and, indeed, lean forward to 6G 8 capabilities are going to be critical in that space. 9 Strategy will drive our budget on this, and, if confirmed, 10 this would be a priority for me to work, to look at what is 11 the proper investment to ensure if CIO, or when CIO takes us 12 over from R&E, that the pilot projects that are implemented 13 fully flourish and that we are postured to provide that 14 warfighting capability.

15 Chairman Reed: Thank you.

Do you continue to still believe that DoD and EOS Telecom companies can successfully share the spectrum that is vital to both, is that possible?

Mr. Sherman: Yes, Senator. Spectrum sharing must be our watch-word going forward. The DoD has vacated a good bit of the spectrum over the years, but now with where things are, the spectrum needs to be shared, particularly in the 3100 to 3450MHz. Working with industry, the Executive Branch, and this Committee and otherwise, figuring out how we do that successfully to both, enable DoD capabilities, as

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1 well as U.S. economic development would be critical.

2 Chairman Reed: Thank you very much.

Mr. Vazirani, you have a record as a naval veteran, yourself. Your son is a Marine serving. And as the former director to the National Military Family Association, you have an extraordinary personal connection to the issues you will be dealing with.

8 So, can I ask what your priorities would be with 9 respect to family readiness when you, if confirmed, take 10 over.

11 Mr. Vazirani: Senator, thank you.

Addressing family readiness is critical to force readiness and making sure that we take care of families is critical. There are several things that I looked at when I was an advocate for military families, and, if confirmed, I will look at a broader set of issues, as well.

17 But things that are of critical importance to military 18 families today are military spouse unemployment, the degree 19 to which we can help military spouses achieve fulfilling 20 careers and contribute to the financial success of their 21 family will also contribute to the readiness of that family 22 and the ability of that servicemember to continue in their 23 service. So, that becomes a retention issue. And to enable 24 that, we need to look at innovative options for childcare. 25 So, those are some of the things that would be specific for

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military families, Senator.

2 Chairman Reed: Thank you very much.

Ms. Ricci, you have had an extraordinary career in the Army as a lawyer and now you are positioned to be the General Counsel of the Army. And, again, my comments could be directed to any one of the nominees today: extraordinary experience in the field you have been nominated to direct.

8 One aspect has been your participation at the Fort Hood 9 Independent Review Committee and one of their conclusions 10 was that, at Fort Hood, it appeared to be compliant on the 11 surface, but was hollow and lacking leadership retention, 12 day-to-day implementation, broad acceptance by enlisted soldiers, and the full inculcation into the culture and 13 14 character of the Fort Hood community. Senator Inhofe and I 15 traveled down there and I think that was our impression, 16 also.

This is as much a leadership problem as it is a legal problem, but you will be right at the crossroads of both, leadership and the law. So, could you give us some insights from your participation on the committee?

21 Ms. Ricci: Yes, Chairman.

I saw, personally, at Fort Hood, the devastation that sexual assault can wreak on its victims and, as well as the way it erodes unit cohesion, and, if confirmed, it would be a priority of mine to assist in the implementation of the 26

recommendations of the DoD IRC, as well as the Fort Hood
 IRC.

It is my understanding that the recommendations have been accepted, but now it is time for implementation. And the details are still being worked out, and it would be my job as the Chief Legal Officer for the Army to assist in ensuring there is accurate and timely legal advice to allow for swift implementation.

9 Chairman Reed: Thank you very much, again, to all the 10 witnesses. You bring forward impressive, detailed 11 backgrounds in the areas that you have been nominated to 12 serve in and I wish you well. I think we can try to rapidly 13 get you confirmed with cooperation of the Committee.

14

Senator Inhofe, please.

15 Senator Inhofe: Yeah, I regretfully have to outdo the 16 chairman. You know, I have been critical of this President 17 and a lot of the things that have been going on, but I have 18 to say that I have never seen three nominees more qualified 19 and in a better position to do a better job for America than 20 we are looking at right now. And I don't know what came 21 over him, but --

22 Chairman Reed: You may do that every time.

23 [Laughter.]

24 Senator Inhofe: But, anyway, I am so impressed with 25 each of you for different reasons. Certainly, starting with

Mr. Sherman, you have the background and experience from when Dana Deasy was in this position and there were things that had to be done. And I know it became pretty controversial back when Legato received the position that he was in, contrary to virtually everyone, every federal agency that was out there and on record at the time, along with the general public.

8 And I have not seen so much disregard for one 9 individual or one group taking over, in this case, something 10 significant as the group handling the LBAN for GPS and the 11 threats that that poses on our entire segment.

12 So, I did ask you if you saw the hearing that we had 13 back at the beginning of this and I think you told me, Mr. 14 Sherman, that you did, and so you know my feeling and the 15 feeling of everyone who testified that day as to the problems that exist. So, I would only ask if you are, just 16 17 keep in mind you have got the background. You know the 18 issue. You actually worked with Dana Deasy and so I hope 19 you will draw on that background to try to correct a problem 20 that has got to be corrected.

21 Are there any comments that you want to make about that 22 issue?

23 Mr. Sherman: Sir, assured positioning, navigation, and 24 timing, particularly with global positioning system, is so 25 critical to our warfighting ability both, here in the

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1 homeland and overseas.

As you noted, sir, I am very familiar with the Legato issue and where that license is so close to the GPS spectrum, in my view, represents an unacceptable threat to bleed over into that spectrum. Despite our efforts to share other parts of the spectrum where Legato is, is not acceptable.

8 And, if confirmed, Senator, I would want to work with 9 the Executive Branch, this Committee, and others to ensure 10 that we rectify that issue to assure our PNT capabilities 11 for our forces, sir.

Senator Inhofe: Well, Mr. Sherman, let me just tell you how much I appreciate the very strong position that you have taken.

15 Mr. Vazirani, you have a background, as the chairman 16 pointed out that you really know, you have a hands-on 17 background, and one of the problems I am having and have 18 been having now that comes out of this administration is the 19 problem of the COVID problems with the idea that, as I read 20 this, and hopefully this is not going to happen, but there 21 is a punishment, a punitive position that someone who is not 22 complying, and we are talking about military people, as well 23 as contractors, those individuals could find themselves to be fired. 24

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Well, right now, certainly you realize, as do most

people, our biggest problem right now is retention and recruitment. We did inherent a very good and positive economy; consequently, it is hard to find people to work because everyone is working, and so that does create a problem.

6 But right now, if they were to -- I can't think of 7 anything that would be worse than if we were to find 8 ourselves in a situation where we were letting people go, 9 where we are firing people. And it is something that is 10 going to have to be corrected.

I would like any comment that you might make as to what effect this could have on the morale and our recruitment and retention problem that exists today.

Mr. Vazirani: Senator, I believe that COVID, and I said in my statement, that COVID is one of the readiness challenges that we face. One of the things that we have learned over the past 2 years is that COVID is deadly and it detracts from readiness, and that the vaccines are safe and effective.

20 So, Senator, I am fully supportive of the President's 21 order and the Secretary's mandate to vaccinate the force to 22 ensure our readiness. It is my understanding that there is 23 an administrative process that allows for exemptions, 24 whether it is medically necessary or due it religious 25 belief. And then progressing administrative actions to

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1 address a servicemember who may decline a vaccine.

So, Senator, if I am confirmed, I would certainly look towards making sure that those processes are administered with care and compassion so that we understand the specific needs of each servicemember.

б Senator Inhofe: Yeah, but the problem that I see is 7 that the damage is already done. Now, I am talking about two Marines walking across the street just happened to 8 recognize me and tell me that they were going to resign and 9 10 just the idea -- I was enlisted personnel back in my 11 military days -- and we don't go into a lot of the details 12 as to what the motives are and all of that, but all they 13 read is you better do this or you are going to be fired.

Well, that is just not acceptable. So, frankly, I
think the damage is already done and we are going to have to
do our best to remedy it.

Now, I know my time is expired, but I do want to comment to Ms. Ricci that one of the problems I have addressing, and a very serious problem that is out there, is that we seem to be wanting to, all the efforts seem to be, what are we going to do now, as opposed to a prevention, in terms of sexual assault; in other words, preventing it before it takes place, not afterwards.

And so, I know my time is expired, but --

25 Chairman Reed: Senator, go ahead, please.

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Senator Inhofe: -- if you just have a short answer for
 that?
 Ms. Ricci: Yes, Senator.

I agree with you, prevention is critical and that this where the majority of our effort needs to be focused, and I believe that the IRC recommendations and the Fort Hood recommendations will lead us to that prevention strategy.

8 Senator Inhofe: I agree with that.

9 Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

10 Chairman Reed: Thank you, Senator.

11 Now, Senator Shaheen, please?

12 Senator Shaheen: Thank you.

And congratulations to each of you on your nominations 13 14 and thank you for your long, public service to the country. 15 I would like to begin with you, Mr. Sherman, because 16 this summer, a DoD IG report identified shortfalls in DoD's 17 recruiting and retention of cybersecurity-related positions. 18 I had the benefit of being in New Hampshire this summer 19 with General Van Ovost, who came up to look at the KC-46s 20 that our National Guard has, and she talked passionately about the need for all kinds of IT positions within our 21 22 military and how we were going to get there.

And as you think about your challenges in taking over this role, how do you see your role in recruiting and retention, because it seems to me without that workforce, we

1 can't do anything else we need to do.

2 Mr. Sherman: Senator, while cybersecurity is certainly 3 about technology, I feel so strongly that the people factor 4 is what makes it go. If confirmed, I would move out on a 5 new strategy to look at our cyber and digital talent, so we б can think differently about how we recruit, re-skill, and retain our individuals. This is a whole-of-nation effort 7 and we must come at it much differently; thinking about 8 9 diversity, about different sort of career paths, maybe not a 10 30-year career path, but folks coming in and out of the 11 organization, looking at the security protocols therein, and 12 also building upon the progress the DoD has made in terms of 13 how they already understand the work roles and the 14 cyber-accepted service, but also thinking differently about 15 how we implement it, Senator.

Senator Shaheen: Well, thank you. I would urge you to 16 look at the National Guard, as well, because we have a lot 17 18 of talent in National Guard units around the country on this 19 issue and we should take advantage of them wherever 20 possible.

21 Mr. Vazirani, I am very concerned about the potential 22 for Havana Syndrome attacks, also known as anomalous health 23 incidents. Obviously, in your role, you are going to be in 24 a position to consider how DoD responds to those issues. 25 I very much appreciate Secretary Austin's issuing a

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guidance, but I think what is going to be very important is to have particular protocols that everyone understands and knows what to do if they are the victim of such an attack.

So, will you commit that this is something that you
will take a look at and work on, if confirmed?

6 Mr. Vazirani: Senator, I do know that this is a 7 serious issue and that it has become a priority for the 8 administration, and, if confirmed, I would certainly commit 9 to ensuring that the resources of the Department, 10 particularly the health system, were available to address 11 this.

12 Senator Shaheen: Good. Thank you.

Another issue that has surfaced, sadly, onto many of 13 14 our military installations is the prevalence of PFAS. Ιt 15 has shown up in the blood of a lot of folks in New Hampshire 16 who were stationed at the former Pease Air Force Base and who now live in the community. Obviously, these chemicals, 17 18 the PFAS chemicals are linked to a variety of health 19 concerns. And one of the things we need to do is to start 20 thinking about how to track those.

Are you aware of any efforts by DoD to offer blood testing for military servicemembers and their families, who have been stationed at those contaminated bases and do you think we should be looking at some sort of a tracking effort to address this?

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1 Mr. Vazirani: Senator, certainly, the health and well-2 being of servicemembers and their families is critical for 3 the readiness of the force and while I am not aware of any 4 specific actions that the Department is taking, if 5 confirmed, I would certainly look at how can we understand 6 the prevalence and impact of these toxic chemicals and what 7 they could mean for families and for readiness. And so, Senator, I do commit that, if confirmed, that I would work 8 9 with this Committee and with colleagues in the Department to 10 ensure we understand the complexity of that particular 11 issue.

12 Senator Shaheen: Well, thank you.

I think there are some provisions in the House-passed Defense Authorization bill that would look at testing, blood testing for members of our military.

Ms. Ricci, you talked eloquently about what happened at Fort Hood and the need for cultural change. Again, I appreciate Secretary Austin's announcing his support for moving sexual assault cases outside of the military chain of command. This Committee voted to support that.

If confirmed, how do you see your role in making sure that that gets done in a way that people in the military can buy into and that better addresses the issue of sexual assault?

25 Ms. Ricci: Senator, it is important to support the
Secretary's decision and, if confirmed, as the Chief Legal Officer of the Army, it would be my duty to assist the Army in understanding the nuances, the legal nuances involved and making sure that we have the appropriate implementation so that we do support the Secretary's decision in removing that decision from the chain of command.

Senator Shaheen: And do I have your commitment that you will come back and report to this committee on the progress of how those changes are going?

10 Ms. Ricci: Yes, Senator, you absolutely do.

11 Senator Shaheen: Thank you.

12 Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

13 Chairman Reed: Thank you, Senator Shaheen.

14 Senator Tuberville, please?

15 Senator Tuberville: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

16 Thanks for being here today. Mr. Sherman, back in 17 July, this Committee marked up the fiscal year 2022 NDAA and 18 increased Defense top line spending, which included \$116.1 19 billion for DoD RDT&E. A significant portion of this money 20 will go to contractors. Many of them will be small 21 businesses. And for some, it will be their first DoD 22 contract. Unfortunately, these contractors' cyberattacks 23 against the homeland are growing, making their small 24 businesses the target in the eyes of our adversaries. In 25 Alabama, alone, we have 5,000 Defense contractors.

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1 It is self-defeating to spend billions a year on 2 cutting-edge technologies and critical research, but then 3 let China and Russia sneak through the backdoor. We cannot 4 expect our DoD contractors, especially our small businesses, 5 to fend for themselves against cyberattacks from nations, 6 states, and malign actors.

7 If confirmed, what will you do to assist all contractors with the collective, defensive capabilities 8 9 needed to adequately safeguard, you know, our technology? 10 Mr. Sherman: Senator, cybersecurity is certainly the 11 paramount activity of Chief Information Officer and as you 12 note, small- and medium-sized businesses are the backbone of 13 this economy. If confirmed, there are a number of things 14 that I would want to do to include with the Cyber Maturity 15 Model Certification, or CMMC, program, making that updated 16 and not onerous to those small and medium companies in Alabama and everywhere else, sir; also, working with General 17 18 Paul Nakasone at NSA and USCYBERCOM, doing things like 19 providing, as we would call it, cybersecurity, as a service 20 for that small- or medium-sized company, giving them 21 templates and guides on how to do this, so they are not 22 having to reinvent the wheel themselves on this. With 23 always thinking not just about the very large corporations, 24 but those small and medium companies that are so important, 25 and also where the Chinese and Russians and others try to go

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1 after, to get into our network, sir.

2 Senator Tuberville: Yeah, thank you.

Mr. Vazirani, if confirmed, you would have supervision over the Department of Defense education activity; 160 schools in seven states, 11 foreign countries, and two territories. Two of these schools are in my home state Alabama, Fort Rucker and Maxwell Air Force Base.

8 I am a proud military brat. I was an educator for 40 9 years. I have seen, firsthand, the importance of a stable 10 environment for kids inside the classroom and at home.

Students who are in their third year, impacted by COVID-19 mask mandates, virtual learning, now school boards across the country are pushing critical rates. They are even trying to restrict parents' involvement in the classroom.

Would you agree that some of the best solutions to the challenges facing our schools come from the local level, where parents, students, teachers, and administrators can collaborate and work towards success together, and can you elaborate on that?

Mr. Vazirani: Senator, I appreciate the question and I think what you are pointing out is that the education of military children is critical and particularly when we look at the future force, 80 percent of those who serve today are military-connected, and so we have to think about the

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appropriate education of those children and make sure that there are appropriate education options for the families so that their children can advance, particularly as they move from one location to another.

5 Senator, if confirmed, I would want to look at the б education activities and make sure that the appropriate 7 level of education is being provided. I think that parents 8 do provide a great resource and are our partner in the 9 education of their child. And so, if confirmed, I would 10 want to work with the colleagues at the Defense Department 11 education authority to make sure that the education and the 12 curriculum is being involved in a way that will 13 appropriately educate those children.

14 Senator Tuberville: Thank you.

And Ms. Ricci, it was good to hear you say something about the living quarters in a lot of our military bases. A lot of them are atrocious. I have been to some of them and it was good to hear you say that, you know, you support upgrading some of those facilities.

20 Could you elaborate on that. Have you had firsthand 21 knowledge of that?

22 Ms. Ricci: Yes, Senator, I have.

At Fort Hood, I did learn about the abominable living conditions that some of our servicemembers have lived in and it was a small mention in the Fort Hood report that was part of the overall command climate. And I would be supportive of the Army's continuing efforts to reform how privatized housing works, to ensure that contracts are in other words and that the partners are held accountable.

5 Senator Tuberville: Thank you. You know, the attitude of our military is very important and a lot of it, you know, 6 7 starts at home, obviously, with kids and living quarters, and they don't make a lot of money. You know, a lot of them 8 9 could go and do other things, and we have got to make sure 10 that we can do anything possible to keep, you know, our best 11 in the military because with all this technology now, a lot 12 can leave. They can go to other places, have a better life 13 with a lot more money, but a lot of them want to support 14 this country, and we appreciate that.

So, thanks for being here today. Thank you for your testimony.

17 Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

18 Chairman Reed: Thank you, Senator Tuberville.

19 Senator Kaine, please?

20 Senator Kaine: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

And congratulations to the nominees. You are all wellqualified for your positions.

Mr. Sherman, I want to pick up, just commenting on something that Senator Tuberville was asking about, that I am also really focused on, and that is the ability of small,

innovative tech companies to participate in work across the DoD but including in cybersecurity. And so, this question of having a process to get CMMC compliance that can work for small technology companies is also something that I am really interested in and I appreciate Senator Tuberville asking about that, and your commitment, that you would work on that. I would look forward to working with you on it.

8 Here is one that is kind of related in dealing with 9 technology companies' interaction with DoD. The DoD has a 10 process for certification. It is called -- technology 11 companies have a process within DoD that is called Impact 12 Level to get certified to do work with the DoD. There is a 13 similar process in the GSA called FedRamp to get approval 14 through the GSA to be a government IT vendor. And I often 15 wonder whether we can create reciprocity between some of 16 these programs so that a company that gets, you know, 17 certified through the GSA process could get certified 18 through the DoD or vice-versa without requiring duplication 19 of work.

We run into the same issue with security clearances, where different agencies use different practices on security clearances and it makes it very difficult.

Do you think there should be reciprocity between the GSA certification system and the DoD certification system? Mr. Sherman: Senator, given how critical our private

1 sector is to our tech innovation, particularly from small 2 and medium companies, as well as large ones, if confirmed, I 3 would always try to seek symmetry and, I don't want to say 4 simplification, but making it being cognizant of how it 5 affects the companies, and if confirmed, would take a look б at the GSA parity to FedRamp and also recognizing that we at 7 Department of Defense will often layer above and extra certifications on top of that, given our security 8 9 considerations, but, at the front end, making this as smooth 10 and symmetrical as possible, sir.

Senator Kaine: That would be great. I take that as a commitment to work together with GSA to see what symmetries can be created. And you are right, if there are additional security requirements at the DoD side, but you could build on the base of what GSA has done with FedRamp, rather than having a completely separate certification process, that would be very much appreciated.

Mr. Vazirani, I want to ask you about our workforce needs. The commandant in the Marine Corps released planning guidance in 2019 and I am going to read you a quote from it, quote, our manpower system was designed in the Industrial Era to produce mass, not quality. We assume that quantity of personnel was the most important element of the system and that Marines are all essentially interchangeable.

25 My son is Marine, too. I know you have a boy in the

1 Marines.

2 As the complexity of the world is increased, the spread 3 between physical jobs and thinking jobs is increased 4 dramatically. War still has a physical component and all 5 Marines need to be screened and ready to fight; however, we 6 have not adapted to the needs of the current battlefield. 7 The only way to attract and retain Marines capable of 8 winning on the new battlefield is to compete with the tools 9 and incentives available to them in the marketplace.

What are some of the areas of the military's recruitment, training, promotion, and retention system that could benefit from incentives found, quote, in the marketplace?

14 Mr. Vazirani: Senator, I appreciate that question. 15 I think that point about making sure that we have the 16 right talent, and it is not just a question of quantity; it 17 is a question of quality, as well. I think as we think 18 about the emerging warfare domains and the way that war will 19 be waged into the future, we have to think about that as, in 20 order to compete on that battlefield, to have the right 21 talent.

And so, if confirmed, one of the things that I would want to do is to work with the services and the team within Personnel and Readiness to see what mechanisms are available to ensure that we get a diverse and qualified total

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workforce. And I think that is a question of, and how do you achieve that through the military service, as well as the civilian component of the military. And so, as we go through this process of recruiting people, we have to think about, are we reaching the right people who have those skills, and then, two, what are the mechanisms we have available to retain them?

8 Because as we compete, we are also competing with corporations and institutions, and so we have to look at 9 10 what are the tools available to us to retain the talent. 11 Senator Kaine: One mechanism that I will just put on 12 the radar screen that I will ask you about, should you be confirmed, is one that we included in the NDAA in 2020. 13 14 There was a provision, or Section 860, to this that would 15 establish the Defense Civilian Training Corps and this corps 16 was sort of like an ROTC corps that we could use to attract 17 people into particular fields: engineering, acquisition, 18 and others, where we are going to need a strong workforce 19 going forward. I would like to talk further about the 20 success of that model, it is still very new, and what the 21 DoD plans to do to really exploit the value of a program 22 like that.

23 But thanks to all the witnesses and congratulations to 24 you.

25 Mr. Chair, I yield back.

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1 Chairman Reed: Thank you, Senator Kaine.

2 Senator Hawley, please?

3 Senator Hawley: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

4 And thanks to all the witnesses for being here. 5 Mr. Sherman, let me start with you. The use of 6 Chinese-made hardware like printed circuit boards poses a 7 major cybersecurity concern for the United States. I spoke about this with Microsoft's president, Brad Smith, when he 8 was here earlier this year. He agreed with this assessment. 9 10 Let me ask if you agree that it is time for DoD to stop 11 using Chinese-printed circuit boards and the information 12 systems that our warfighters depend on to defend their 13 country?

Mr. Sherman: Senator, I see China as a paramount threat to our systems, to everything that we are doing at DoD, and if confirmed, that would absolutely be something that I would look at. We do not want the Chinese in or near our systems, sir.

Senator Hawley: Let me ask you China, with regard to Taiwan. If China invades Taiwan, I will likely try to do so by surprise, of course, and as quickly as possible, as the fait accompli scenario. One of the ways in which it will likely try to achieve its objectives is to overwhelm our cyber defense systems and try to degrade or neutralize as many of our critical defense systems as possible.

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So, in your assessment, is DoD currently prepared to withstand and fight through a barrage of cyberattacks in the event of a Chinese attempted fait accompli?

Mr. Sherman: Senator, I believe DoD is well-postured, based on what I know right now, that is, with any sort of defensive mechanisms, we can always improve it. And, if confirmed, cybersecurity, working with General Nakasone at CYBERCOM, informed by NSA threat intelligence, to keep the Chinese back on their heels would be a top priority.

10 Senator Hawley: Very good.

11 Can I just come back to the printed circuit boards for 12 just a second. You said that China was a concern. I 13 appreciate that. But would you agree that it is time for 14 DoD to stop using Chinese-printed circuit boards?

Mr. Sherman: Senator, if confirmed, I would have to look at that, but in principle, any sort of Chinese hardware or software should not be on or near our systems would be my belief.

19 Senator Hawley: Okay. I look forward to hearing from20 you further on that.

21 On the Taiwan question, again, talk to us about how the 22 requirements for defending against a surge of cyberattacks 23 like we were just talking about, how do those differ from 24 the requirements from defending or for defending against 25 Chinese cyberattacks on American systems during peacetime;

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1 in other words, what do we need to be prepared for in,
2 effectively, a kinetic scenario that we otherwise wouldn't
3 be?

4 Mr. Sherman: I think the principle of Zero Trust, 5 Senator will be for both scenarios. Assuming they are б already on our networks right now, and not just defending at 7 the perimeter in a wall-and-moat scenario or even a defense 8 in-depth but segmenting our networks and everything we are 9 doing in a way that we have not done before, making it about 10 the data and also tagging people and tagging data in a way that we have not done before. Zero Trust will be the key 11 12 both, for defending here in the homeland, as well as out at 13 the edge, where they could attack us.

14 Senator Hawley: Let me ask you, if you are confirmed, 15 what you will do to ensure that we are able to not only 16 defend against Chinese cyberattacks in peacetime, but also 17 to be able to withstand and fight through them in a 18 potential future conflict.

Mr. Sherman: Senator, if confirmed, my role as CIO would be to ensure we have the most robust defensive capabilities possible and providing the infrastructure for General Nakasone and CYBERCOM to use for offensive capabilities.

24 Senator Hawley: And are there any specific steps that 25 you can think of now that you would take, that you think

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1 need to be taken in that regard?

Mr. Sherman: The most immediate step, if confirmed, would be what we call enterprise Identity, Credential, and Access Management, or ICAM; somewhat of a techy term, but something that has to be there to be able to tag the people and tag the data on that Zero Trust scenario, sir.

7 Senator Hawley: Good. Let me ask you a little bit 8 about the consolidation of our industrial base. This is 9 something that I have raised with other nominees before the 10 committee.

DoD has long struggled with this, this increase in consolidation. We are seeing problems now with emerging technologies, with just a few large companies in this country can own a lot of technology or can buy it up.

Do you agree that concentrating market power in just a handful of companies, and I am thinking specifically of Google, Facebook, Microsoft, Amazon, makes it harder for competition to occur and to spur innovation, and that is especially true as it relates to information technologies.

20 Mr. Sherman: Senator, I see our technology Defense 21 Industrial Base as a national advantage for us. In terms of 22 their consolidation, all I can say, if confirmed, as CIO, I 23 will be a very tough customer to all of them, without 24 favoritism or bias and making sure that our warfighters get 25 the very best technology for their warfighting needs.

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Senator Hawley: You are anticipating my next question,
 which is how can we ensure a robust and competitive
 marketplace for these emerging technologies that isn't
 dominated by a few firms and, ultimately, is getting us the
 best innovation that is possible and that we need in order
 to succeed.

7 Mr. Sherman: Senator, if confirmed, I would see that 8 done by rigorous requirements, but also casting a wide net, 9 not to exclude small and medium businesses with geographic 10 diversity, different capabilities, and working with 11 acquisition sustainment, and research and engineering, and 12 others to make sure we hear multiple voices for our 13 requirements.

14 Senator Hawley: Very good. If the Chairman will let 15 me slide one more question in here very quickly, Mr. 16 Vazirani, I want to ask you about the needs in the Pacific 17 theater.

18 Secretary Austin told me earlier this year, and to 19 quote him now, the combat-credible, forward-deterrent 20 posture is instrumental to the U.S. military's ability to 21 deter, and if necessary, deny a fait accompli scenario. We 22 are talking about Taiwan there. Forward-deployed units are 23 only part of the solution, of course. These organizations 24 have to be filled with servicemembers who understand the Pacific theater of operations. 25

And if nominated, your office will oversee the recruitment and retention of all DoD personnel. Here is my question: How can DoD Berman and equip PACOM units with specially trained individuals who are ready to compete and within in the Pacific theater, given the unique needs and requirements there?

7 Mr. Vazirani: Senator, I think, there, again, it is a 8 question of how do we get to the right talent; the people 9 who can fight those wars who have the skills, the knowledge, 10 the language skills, the cultural skills to know how we 11 might engage an enemy in that region.

So, if confirmed, that is something I would work with the people within the Personnel and Readiness with the Under Secretary, and with the Service Secretaries to make sure that we understand what the requirements are for each of those forces who may engage and ensure that we have the right standards, and so that the standards and requirements meet that and that we can meet our recruiting goals.

19 Senator Hawley: Thank you.

20 Chairman Reed: Thank you, Senator Hawley.

21 Senator Blumenthal, please?

22 Senator Blumenthal: Thanks, Mr. Chairman.

I thank each of you for your service and for your willingness to serve in these new capacities.

25 Mr. Sherman, I am not sure what your role will be, if

confirmed, in the procedures and standards used in classifying documents, but I have raised repeatedly in our classified sessions, the fact that a lot of what we are hearing, the American people deserve to hear and there is no real reason that the material should be classified.

In a lot of the instances where I raise this issue, the military or intelligence officials there, without disclosing any classified information that may have taken place there, tend to agree, and in fact, the American people deserve to though more. It would be useful for the Department of Defense that they should know more and, in fact, for our democracy.

13 So, will you undertake a review of our current 14 classification standards and procedures with a view to 15 opening more of it to the public?

Mr. Sherman: Senator, I certainly see the absolute value in our way of government for transparency, but also keeping our secrets safe. If confirmed, I would work with the stakeholders in the Department of Defense to include Intelligence and Security, I&S, and other parts of the Department to look at this topic.

22 Senator Blumenthal: Will you commit to give us a plan 23 for that review, a specific plan as to who will be involved 24 and what the timetable is?

25 Mr. Sherman: Senator, I would commit to work with the

1 stakeholders who have that appropriate policy under them, 2 but, yes, I would, if confirmed, take this as a priority. 3 Senator Blumenthal: Well, with all due respect, will 4 you present the Committee on Armed Services of the United 5 States Senate with a plan, a specific plan for whom you will 6 consult and what your timetable will be? 7 Mr. Sherman: I will commit to that, Senator. Senator Blumenthal: Thank you. 8 9 Who do you think should be involved? Who are the 10 stakeholders that you would involve? 11 Mr. Sherman: Senator, based on what I know about the job, it would be Intelligence & Security and other folks who 12 13 look at the counterintelligence equities. I know CIO has a 14 role in this, but other parts of the Department do, as well. 15 As well as protecting secrets and safeguarding that area, 16 they would absolutely need to be involved, sir. 17 Senator Blumenthal: Thank you. 18 Mr. Vazirani, I am sure you are aware of the increasing 19 rate of suicide, an alarming increasing rate of suicide 20 among our veterans and servicemembers. Since September 11, 21 2001, apparently, that number is more than quadrupled number 22 who died in the wars previously. I may have some of the 23 details wrong.

There is a study that estimates that 7,057 servicemembers have been killed in post-9/11 war operations,

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while 30,177 active-duty servicemembers and veterans have died by suicide. The average suicide rate for post-9/11 veterans is between 18 to 34 was 32.3, per 100,000 between 2005 and 2017, but it rose to 45.9, per 100,000 in 2018. That is about 2.5 times the suicide rate in the general population.

Are you familiar with the study that provided these
numbers from Brown University's Costs of War Project?

9 Mr. Vazirani: Senator, first of all, any suicide, any 10 number of suicides in the military or veteran community are 11 alarming and we should be concerned about that.

12 Senator, I am not familiar with that specific study. I 13 am familiar with the studies that the Department has done 14 regarding suicide.

15 If confirmed, if this an area that would be a 16 particular concern for me and a priority to look at what are 17 we doing. As the Secretary said, the first thing we need to 18 do is to make sure that we reduce stigma and we encourage 19 help-seeking so that servicemembers, their families, and 20 they understand that we can overcome that stigma, so that as 21 they proceed through their military life cycle, and even 22 into the veteran community, they know how to ask for help. 23 The other side of that, Senator, that I focus on is

ensuring that leaders know how to recognize the signs of suicide and when to offer help and make sure that there is a

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1 trusted relationship where a servicemember can ask for help. 2 Senator Blumenthal: I appreciate that answer. 3 My time has expired. 4 This topic is a big, complex and an important one, and 5 I look forward to following up with you. б Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 7 Chairman Reed: Thank you, Senator Blumenthal. Senator Tillis, please? 8 9 Senator Tillis: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 10 And congratulations to all three of you for your 11 nominations. 12 Mr. Sherman, you get a pass on this guestion, because I think there are families and friends watching. I would like 13 14 to pronounce your last names right. 15 Could you please pronounce your name? Is it Vazirani? 16 Mr. Vazirani: Vazirani. Senator Tillis: Vazirani. 17 18 And Ms. Ricci? 19 Ms. Ricci: Ricci. 20 Senator Tillis: Okay. Thank you. 21 I asked my staff. She said it had been pronounced a 22 couple of different ways, so I just wanted to make sure I 23 got it right. 24 Ms. Ricci, I am very focused on military housing. I 25 made several visits to Fort Bragg and Camp Lejeune. I have

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1 done town halls, and we still have a problem there. We made 2 some progress with the Bill of Rights, but I think that 3 there is a lot more work to do.

So, can you give me an idea of whether or not this will be a priority for you and some vision as to how we can get to an improved state of military housing. It is a real problem. I think it has a number of effects on readiness, health, a number of other issues.

9 Do you share that concern? Can you give me an idea of 10 some of the things that you may make a priority?

11 Ms. Ricci: Yes, Senator.

12 I absolutely share your concern. Soldiers should have 13 safe housing, safe and healthy housing. And during my time 14 at Fort Hood, I did, indeed, listen to some of the concerns 15 of the servicemembers living there and some of the 16 conditions that they faced. And I understand that the Army 17 is going through a revised, so to speak, way of looking at 18 their partnerships with privatized housing and ensuring that 19 contractors are held accountable.

And, if confirmed, that would be a priority of mine. That would be one of the priorities, is to make sure that our procurement processes are being enforced appropriately and that our partners are being held accountable.

24 Senator Tillis: I also think that we have to have a 25 focus on what has occurred as a result of some of this

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unacceptable housing. I went into a house at Fort Bragg that had a dehumidifier that in the hallway that was collecting so much water that the tank, they couldn't use the tank. They literally had to run a hose to the bathtub in the hallway bathroom just to be able to keep it running nonstop, 24/7.

So, another area that I think we have to look at is, how are we proactively helping the families that have documented medical conditions?

10 I met with a number of military spouses who had 11 doctors' advice to get out of these homes because the 12 conditions in the homes were clearly causing health problems for them and their children. So, that is another area that 13 14 I look forward to working with you, after you are confirmed. 15 I guess one other question I have for you has to do 16 with military justice. What do you perceive would be an 17 appropriate role for the Army General Counsel, if Congress 18 enacts Secretary Austin's proposal to establish the office 19 of special victims' prosecutions in the secretariat of the 20 military department?

Ms. Ricci: Senator, if confirmed, the Army General Counsel, as the Chief Legal Officer, would have the obligation to ensure swift implementation to provide accurate and timely legal advice, and to assist in working out the legal nuances attendant to that change.

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1 Senator Tillis: Mr. Sherman, I have got more in common 2 with you than I do with most of the people in the Senate 3 with my 29 years in information technology. I also want to 4 echo what Senator Blumenthal said on suicide prevention; 5 removing the stigma, that is very important. I also think 6 we have to act in the way that we talk.

7 We all talk about removing the stigma and then we will 8 go behind closed doors and whisper about a problem that we 9 may have with a family member or friends. It really begins 10 with our behavior, too, to help remove the stigma.

11 But Mr. Sherman, I feel like the Department of Defense 12 is replete with opportunities to consolidate, to collapse 13 some silos, and to really go through an enterprise 14 transformation for the use of information technology, 15 duplicative systems across service lines. I think that 16 there is an opportunity to build cross-functional platforms 17 and then only have, on an exception basis, the silos that we have today. 18

19 Do you agree with that?

20 Mr. Sherman: I do, Senator.

21 Senator Tillis: And do you think that the culture of 22 the DoD can be changed to actually accept that?

It is the same sort of problem I saw in large, diverse corporations. But what would you do to actually change the culture so that we could make meaningful progress and take a

1 lot of costs out of our IT operations in the DoD?

2 Mr. Sherman: Senator, I would build upon, if 3 confirmed, successes that have been underway; for example, 4 with the 26 defense agencies and field activities, what is 5 called the Fourth Estate Network Optimization, to reduce all 6 of those inefficiencies there, scale that to the Department 7 level, build on what the military departments are doing; for example, the Department of Navy's project Cattle Drive, they 8 9 call it, to get rid of duplicative systems and drive greater 10 efficiencies.

I would, if confirmed, build on those successes, sir, and a lot of this would be built on data, to make sure we know what is out there and to make that implemented, sir.

Senator Tillis: Well, this is something that is personally very important to me. It is very interesting to me. It keeps my skills up to date.

17 So, I would like to get your commitment that I received 18 from your counterpart in Veterans Affairs, to get together, 19 take a look at your program office, the sort of structure 20 that is going to be necessary to actually execute that. And 21 it is also very important to me because I think there is a 22 lot of integration opportunities, particularly with respect 23 to the Cerner platform for the electronic health record, so 24 that we can actually get to a point to where we may be able 25 to predict a transitioning servicemember being at risk

1 before they even know they are. I do believe that that is 2 within our reach if we integrate and capture the right kind 3 of data through the like cycle of a soldier. Thank you, Mr. Chair. 4 5 Chairman Reed: Thank you, Senator Tillis. б Senator King, please? 7 Senator King: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. Mr. Sherman, there has been a lot of discussion about 8 9 cyber on a lot of levels. I don't think there is any doubt 10 that if there is a conflict that we are engaged in, cyber 11 will be the first part of it. The first effort of our adversaries will be to try to blind us in terms of our 12 ability to communicate. They are also using cyber to 13 14 compromise our networks to steal intellectual property. 15 My question is, you use the word "ensure"; I think that 16 may be an optimistic word. But how do we ensure? 17 Do you anticipate pen testing, red teaming, bug 18 bounties, hackers for hire? 19 It seems to me the best way to be sure or to get toward 20 assurance is testing the network by friendly hackers or 21 friendly, those who are enabled to attack the networks and tell us where our vulnerabilities are. Is that in your 22 23 agenda? 24 Mr. Sherman: Yes, sir. Absolutely. 25 Not just trust but verify and reverify. Working with,

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www.trustpoint.one www.aldersonreporting.com 800.FOR.DEPO (800.367.3376) 1 for example, the Defense Digital Service, which does a lot 2 of that bug bounty-type activity at DoD. Also working with 3 the Director of Operational Testing and Evaluation, DOT&E, 4 so we can do that up front testing, as we buy technology, 5 such as commercial-clad capabilities to really see where б vulnerabilities are. And as we have done, for example, on 7 Office 365 being employed across the enterprise, finding 8 vulnerabilities that even the vendor didn't know about.

9 Senator King: And I would hope that you would work 10 with NSA and CYBERCOM, they are the best in the world, to 11 test your own networks. You used "trust, but verify"; that 12 is one of my favorite mottos, but another is, "Does it work 13 and how do you know?" And so, CYBERCOM, it seems to me, and 14 NSA, with Paul Nakasone, would be a tremendous resource.

Secondly, on cyber, we are engaged in a very large-scale modernization of our nuclear triad. As far as I am concerned, we ought to scrap the word "triad" and talk about nuclear quad, because command and control is as important as any leg of the triad; if we don't have command and control, we can't communicate with the triad, it isn't going to work.

So, I hope that modernization, when we are talking about modernization of the submarine fleet or the missiles or the bombers, we are also talking about a very intense modernization of command and control in the nuclear area.

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1 Mr. Sherman: Sir, NC3, and I like where you are 2 heading with this, it is not just a triad; it is the fourth 3 leg of a triad, to ensure that the triad will be effective. 4 Having resilient, modern, strengthened NC3 on that, and that 5 is an area, too, and I should have included this, with 6 General Nakasone, both from CYBERCOM and NSA, to ensure that 7 NC3 network is there when we need it.

8 Senator King: And it has to be redundant, and 9 redundant, and redundant.

10 Mr. Sherman: Yes, sir.

11 Senator King: You talked about workforce, so I won't 12 dwell on that. But as you know, that is a huge problem 13 nationwide, and not only in the defense field, but in every 14 field, in terms of network security, cybersecurity, network 15 administration. So, workforce is something that I think has 16 to be attended to.

Mr. Vazirani, two issues in your area. One that concerns me, and that is the geographic diversity of our Armed Forces. I was surprised to find in 1975, the division between the Northeast, the Midwest, and the South, and the Southwest, among our military personnel was about 50/50. I think it was 47/47.

Today, it is 67/30; in other words, the Midwest and Northeast have fallen to 30 percent of our active-duty military. The South and Southwest are now almost two-

thirds. I think that is unhealthy for the country to have our professional military service be geographically defined. Do you appreciate that concern and what do we do about it?

5 Mr. Vazirani: Senator, I certainly share that concern. 6 I think that in order for us to have the most ready force 7 that force also has to look like America and come from the breadth of America. I think, Senator, if I am confirmed, 8 one of the things we would want to look at is, how can we 9 10 improve the value proposition to reach young people; people 11 who are eligible and qualified to serve in those areas and 12 ensure that we are accessing the talent.

13 Senator King: It has to be a conscious strategy. The 14 current strategy, obviously, isn't working. There has to be 15 a conscious saying, we are going to recruit more in 16 Cleveland or in Boston than we are today. We are going to 17 put more advertising, and whatever it is, and I hope you 18 will pursue that.

19 Second, I just have a few seconds left, so I just want 20 to touch on these. I want to associate myself with all the 21 others who have talked about suicide. In the Vietnam War, 22 we lost 58,000 people. In the decade from 2008 to 2017, we 23 lost 60,000 people to suicide. The figures Senator 24 Blumenthal mentioned are just shocking. We have lost four 25 times as many military people and veterans to suicide since

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9/11, than to operations. That is a stalker of our military personnel. I hope you will really put some focus on that. If it were a military event killing 30,000 people over that period of time, we would have all kinds of resources on it, so I hope you will pursue that.

6 Finally, Ms. Ricci, I looked into this whole housing 7 I think a lot of it is contracts, contract issue. administration, and following up and enforcing the contracts 8 9 that we have and renegotiating and improving those contracts 10 with the private vendors. If you have an obligation under 11 contract but nobody ever enforces it or pays any attention 12 to it, then you are going to backslide, and I think that is 13 exactly what happened.

14 So, I hope in your position you will be very contract 15 lawyerly and follow those obligations to be sure that they 16 are enforced. That is one way to quickly bring those 17 contractors back up to the standard that they agreed to.

18 Thank you very much, Mr. Chairman.

19 Chairman Reed: Thank you, Senator King.

Now, let me recognize, via Webex, Senator Duckworth,please.

22 Senator Duckworth: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

And I want to associate myself also with the comments from my colleagues who came before me on both sides of the aisle on suicides, among our military men and women.

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And just to remind everyone the Veterans Crisis hotline is: 1-800-273-TALK, t-a-l-k, 1-800-273-TALK. You can call that if you are on the brink of homelessness or any kind of crisis, including needing just to talk to someone.

5 Now, I want to start by congratulating all three of you 6 who are here today on your nominations. I do want to begin 7 with a problem that has existed far too long that has become 8 more urgent during this pandemic, and that is military 9 hunger. Far too many of our military families experience 10 food insecurity.

11 That is why I introduced the Military Hunger Prevention 12 Act, to create a basics, needs allowance to help struggling 13 military families put food on the table. My bill currently 14 has 25 bipartisan co-sponsors in the Senate; an indicator of 15 the broad support for solving this shameful problem.

Mr. Vazirani, please, I apologize for mispronouncing your name, if confirmed, how will you address food insecurity among our servicemembers?

Mr. Vazirani: Senator, thank you for raising that concern. Food insecurity, obviously, it affects the readiness of the family today. It detracts from the readiness of the servicemember when they are in the field if they are thinking that their family is hungry. And it detracts from our future readiness because the children of many of those who serve today are going to serve in the

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1 future.

Senator, if confirmed, I want to work with this
Committee and with people within the Department to certainly
meet up to the Secretary's priority of people first. I
think we have to look at a range of options on how we solve
for this and part of that is ensuring that those families
have financial security.

8 And so, when I was an advocate, I looked at a range of 9 options for the basic needs allowance, which I think is one 10 of those options and a qualification for other programs that 11 would allow for families to have the resources to ensure the 12 well-being of their family.

Senator Duckworth: Thank you. I look forward to working with you, once you are confirmed, on this.

In January, you wrote, and I quote, military families are counting on Washington to ensure that services adequately fund childcare fee-assistance programs and partner with the community outside the gates to increase accessibility when on-installation waitlists are too long, end quote.

You also noted in your advanced policy questions that ensuring affordable, quality care is accessible to our military families will be one of my priorities, your priorities.

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I agree that this is an issue of huge importance to our

1 military families, as well as to our readiness. That is why 2 I introduced the Military Child Care Expansion Act that 3 would authorize a number of programs to improve access to a 4 range of childcare options for military families.

5 Mr. Vazirani, can you expand on the importance of 6 affordable and accessible childcare for our military 7 families.

8 Mr. Vazirani: Senator, enabling military spouse 9 employment and for military spouses to have fulfilling 10 careers is critical to their families, but also to the 11 readiness of the force, which will allow the servicemember 12 to continue to serve in the way they are.

13 Senator, to enable that requires childcare and 14 accessible childcare that the family can get to and 15 affordable childcare. So, if confirmed, Senator, I would 16 want to look at a range of options; particularly, around how 17 do we innovate in providing childcare to military families, 18 whether it is on the installation or off the installation, 19 as well as the opportunity to military spouses to earn their 20 credentials and either provide childcare in their homes and 21 be reimbursed through a fee-assistance program, or to become 22 providers with portability within the military childcare 23 system.

24 Senator Duckworth: Wonderful.

25 Well, the fiscal year 2022 NDAA has report language

directing the DoD to seek out creative solutions to solve
the childcare availability crisis, and I hope that you will
keep me updated on your progress.

4 Mr. Vazirani: Senator, certainly.

5 Senator Duckworth: Thank you.

Finally, according to numerous studies, paid family
leave offers clear advantages to both, employers and
families, yet, depending on their branch of service and
family situation, many servicemembers currently only receive
2 or 3 weeks of parental leave.

11 To recruit and retain the best and brightest, we must 12 modernize the DoD's parental leave policy for members of the 13 military. That is why I introduced the Servicemember 14 Parental Leave Equity Act, to make sure that all primary and 15 secondary caregivers in the military can access 12 weeks of 16 paid parental leave.

Mr. Vazirani, if confirmed, will you commit to prioritizing initiatives such as Parental Leave Expansion that would help strengthen military readiness and better support military families?

21 Mr. Vazirani: Senator, if confirmed, I certainly 22 commit to looking at any solution that would help military 23 families and military family readiness.

24 Senator Duckworth: Thank you.

25 Thank you for your testimony today, and I look forward

1 to your confirmation.

2 I yield back, Mr. Chairman.

3 Chairman Reed: Thank you, Senator Duckworth. 4 Now, let me recognize Senator Kelly, please. 5 Senator Kelly: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. б And thank you for being here today, folks. 7 Mr. Vazirani, the uptick in military suicides is alarming, I think, to all of us. And the Department's own 8 9 figures show that 580 servicemembers died by suicide in 10 2020. This means that the number of suicides increased by 11 15 percent from the prior year.

Every single suicide, even one, is too many. And we need to do more to support our men and women in uniform.

14 It was this concern that led me to introduce the 15 Brandon Act, named to one of Arizona's fallen. We did this, 16 along with Senator Cramer and the support of other members of this committee. The bill is designed to ensure that a 17 18 servicemember in crisis is never denied timely access to 19 live-saving care. I also joined with Senator Ernst in 20 introducing the Save Our Servicemembers Act to further 21 improve the Defense Department's internal coordination on 22 suicide prevention.

It is clear that we need to do better. If confirmed, will you commit to work with us on these proposals? Mr. Vazirani: Senator, I absolutely confirm to work

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1 with you on those proposals and I would look for options to 2 reduce suicides and eliminate suicides to the degree that we 3 can.

Senator Kelly: And what other strategies do you have
for addressing, like, what are the strategies?

So, I would like to listen to, maybe, some of your
ideas on how we address this rising rate of suicides in the
military.

9 Mr. Vazirani: Senator, I haven't formed a complete 10 strategy on that. I certainly have some thoughts on this, 11 primarily from the fact that I have a family that 12 experienced two suicides. And so, I think that as the 13 Secretary said, we have to reduce stigma. We have to make 14 it okay for people to ask for help.

And in order to ask for help, we have to have a command structure, whether it is a squad level, the division level, the platoon level, the company level, where there is a connection between the servicemember and their leader so that they know how to ask for help. So, that is one of the things that we have to do.

So, in order to address this issue, which is so personal, we have to think about the system, as well. So, we have to develop a system that enables help-seeking. And we also have to acknowledge that part of that is to ensure that there are the same resources at home for the military family, because that stress source may be at home, as well.
And so, we can't just look at it as just a military
issue; it is a military-family issue, as well.

Senator Kelly: Well, the piece of that about, you
know, helping members ask for help and a process to do that,
is what the Brandon Act was all about, so thank you for your
response.

8 In my remaining time, I want to switch to Mr. Sherman 9 here and talk a little bit about cybersecurity and AI. With 10 the SolarWinds and Colonial Pipeline ransomware attacks, 11 Americans have had a front-row seat on the havoc that 12 cyberattacks can wreak on our country.

We have also had a wake-up call to the vulnerabilities 13 14 inherent in our infrastructure. Now, the Defense Department 15 is not immune to these risks; in fact, the Defense 16 Department identifies cybersecurity among its top priorities 17 in its Digital Modernization Strategy. This work is 18 increasingly important as more and more of the equipment and 19 technology that we use to defend our nation comes to rely on 20 the network and its security.

21 If confirmed, what are your priorities to securing our 22 Defense networks against cyberattacks?

23 Mr. Sherman: Senator, I absolutely agree that 24 cybersecurity is of paramount concern and, if confirmed, to 25 strengthen our cybersecurity, I would oversee the

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1 implementation of what is called Zero Trust; a strategy that 2 assumes that the enemy is already on the network, not 3 protecting at just the perimeter or Defense in-depth, but 4 assuming they are already on our network and through a 5 strategy of what is called microsegmentation. Not only on 6 our enterprise IT server, but also on things like industrial 7 control systems. You referenced the Colonial Pipeline. 8 Things like HVAC, elevators, you name it; other things that 9 make the enterprise run. So, if confirmed, Zero Trust would 10 be the approach that I would oversee, sir.

11 Senator Kelly: And that approach is not used today? 12 Mr. Sherman: Elements of Zero Trust are being 13 implemented; building blocks for it. For example, the 14 Defense Information System Agency is implementing it on the 15 secret side. We need to scale it out much larger and also 16 build on industry best practices.

17 Senator Kelly: Thank you, Mr. Sherman.

18 And thank you, Mr. Chairman.

19 Chairman Reed: Thank you, Senator Kelly.

20 Let me now recognize Senator Kaine, who has additional 21 questions.

22 Senator Kaine: Thank you, Mr. Chair.

And Mr. Vazirani, this is just an observation that is directed at you because of your forthcoming role on personnel matters. We had a hearing about Afghanistan the

other day and it was an important hearing and the administration witnesses talked about, in a somber way, the American troops lost in Afghanistan, 2,324 military personnel, as well as the 4,598 who died in Iraq, and we were talking about the toll that our nation suffered in the war on terror.

7 One thing that I noticed in this testimony, and we have 8 heard it before, is that the death of U.S. contractors is 9 almost never mentioned, and it truly is a unique war, this 10 war on terror, in American history, where the U.S. 11 contractor deaths were higher than troop deaths. Total 12 troop deaths in the war on terror were 7,052, but U.S. 13 contractors, their deaths were 8,189.

And I haven't yet kind of wrapped my mind around what that says about the notion of modern warfare, that there would be more casualties of contractors, many of whom were veterans, they had previously served in the military, than there were of active-duty troops. And I think it is something that we need to think about and contemplate.

But one thing that I would urge on the Pentagon going forward, as we talk about U.S. lives lost in the war on terror, that we don't omit the U.S. contractors whose lives were lost. They may not have gotten some of the recognition that others did, and yet they lost their lives on a similar mission, usually under contract with the Pentagon. And we

1 would be wise not to forget them, but to highlight their 2 sacrifices, as well. And so, in your forthcoming role in 3 personnel, I just wanted to urge you to have the Pentagon 4 think about that. Thank you. 5 Chairman Reed: Thank you, Senator Kaine. 6 Senator King, if you have no questions, thank you all 7 for you, not only service, which has been extraordinary, but 8 your commitment to serve again. Your responses were 9 compelling. 10 I can't outdo the ranking member in his praise, so I 11 will stop right there, and we look forward to bringing your 12 confirmation before us as quickly as possible and getting you to work. Thank you all very much. 13 14 With that, the hearing is adjourned. 15 [Whereupon, at 10:58 a.m., the hearing was adjourned.] 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

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