

TITLE II—COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES

SEC. 20001. ENHANCEMENT OF DEPARTMENT OF
DEFENSE RESOURCES FOR IMPROVING THE QUALITY
OF LIFE FOR MILITARY PERSONNEL.

(a) Appropriations.—In addition to amounts otherwise available, there are appropriated to the Secretary of Defense for fiscal year 2025, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to remain available until September 30, 2029—

(1) \$230,480,000 for restoration and modernization costs under the Marine Corps Barracks 2030 initiative;

(2) \$119,000,000 for base operating support costs under the Marine Corps;

(3) \$1,000,000,000 for Army, Navy, Air Force, and Space Force sustainment, restoration, and modernization of military unaccompanied housing;

(4) \$2,000,000,000 for the Defense Health Program;

(5) \$2,900,000,000 to supplement the basic allowance for housing payable to members of the Army, Air Force, Navy, Marine Corps, and Space Force, notwithstanding section 403 of title 37, United States Code;

(6) \$50,000,000 for bonuses, special pays, and incentive pays for members of the Army, Air Force, Navy, Marine Corps, and Space Force pursuant to titles 10 and 37, United States Code;

(7) \$10,000,000 for the Defense Activity for Non-Traditional Education Support's Online Academic Skills Course program for members of the Army, Air Force, Navy, Marine Corps, and Space Force;

(8) \$100,000,000 for tuition assistance for members of the Army, Air Force, Navy, Marine Corps, and Space Force pursuant to title 10, United States Code;

(9) \$100,000,000 for child care fee assistance for members of the Army, Air Force, Navy, Marine Corps, and Space Force under part II of chapter 88 of title 10, United States Code;

(10) \$590,000,000 to increase the Temporary Lodging Expense Allowance under chapter 8 of title 37, United States Code, to 21 days;

(11) \$100,000,000 for Department of Defense Impact Aid payments to local educational agencies under section 2008 of title 10, United States Code;

(12) \$10,000,000 for military spouse professional licensure under section 1784 of title 10, United States Code;

(13) \$6,000,000 for Armed Forces Retirement Home facilities;

(14) \$100,000,000 for the Defense Community Infrastructure Program;

(15) \$100,000,000 for Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency (DARPA) casualty care research; and

(16) \$62,000,000 for modernization of Department of Defense childcare center staffing.

(b) Temporary Increase in Percentage of Value of Authorized Investment in Certain Privatized Military Housing Projects.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—During the period beginning on the date of the enactment of this section and ending on September 30, 2029, the Secretary concerned shall apply—

(A) paragraph (1) of subsection (c) of section 2875 of title 10, United States Code, by substituting “60 percent” for “33 $\frac{1}{3}$ percent”; and

(B) paragraph (2) of such subsection by substituting “60 percent” for “45 percent”.

(2) SECRETARY CONCERNED DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term “Secretary concerned” has the meaning given such term in section 101 of title 10, United States Code.

(c) Temporary Authority for Acquisition or Construction of Privatized Military Unaccompanied Housing.—Section 2881a of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking the heading and inserting “Temporary authority for acquisition or construction of privatized military unaccompanied housing”;

(2) by striking “Secretary of the Navy” each place it appears and inserting “Secretary concerned”;

(3) by striking “under the pilot projects” each place it appears and inserting “pursuant to this section”;

(4) in subsection (a)—

(A) by striking the heading and inserting “In General”; and

(B) by striking “carry out not more than three pilot projects under the authority of this section or another provision of this subchapter to use the private sector” and inserting “use the authority under this subchapter to enter into contracts with appropriate private sector entities”;

(5) in subsection (c), by striking “privatized housing” and inserting “privatized housing units”;

(6) by redesignating subsection (f) as subsection (e); and

(7) in subsection (e) (as so redesignated)—

(A) by striking “under the pilot programs” and inserting “under this section”; and

(B) by striking “September 30, 2009” and inserting “September 30, 2029”.

SEC. 20002. ENHANCEMENT OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE RESOURCES FOR SHIPBUILDING.

In addition to amounts otherwise available, there are appropriated to the Secretary of Defense for fiscal year 2025, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to remain available until September 30, 2029—

(1) \$250,000,000 for the expansion of accelerated Training in Defense Manufacturing program;

- (2) \$250,000,000 for United States production of turbine generators for shipbuilding industrial base;
- (3) \$450,000,000 for United States additive manufacturing for wire production and machining capacity for shipbuilding industrial base;
- (4) \$492,000,000 for next-generation shipbuilding techniques;
- (5) \$85,000,000 for United States-made steel plate for shipbuilding industrial base;
- (6) \$50,000,000 for machining capacity for naval propellers for shipbuilding industrial base;
- (7) \$110,000,000 for rolled steel and fabrication facility for shipbuilding industrial base;
- (8) \$400,000,000 for expansion of collaborative campus for naval shipbuilding;
- (9) \$450,000,000 for application of autonomy and artificial intelligence to naval shipbuilding;
- (10) \$500,000,000 for the adoption of advanced manufacturing techniques in the shipbuilding industrial base;
- (11) \$500,000,000 for additional dry-dock capability;
- (12) \$50,000,000 for the expansion of cold spray repair technologies;
- (13) \$450,000,000 for additional maritime industrial workforce development programs;
- (14) \$750,000,000 for additional supplier development across the naval shipbuilding industrial base;
- (15) \$250,000,000 for additional advanced manufacturing processes across the naval shipbuilding industrial base;
- (16) \$4,600,000,000 for a second Virginia-class submarine in fiscal year 2026;
- (17) \$5,400,000,000 for two additional Guided Missile Destroyer (DDG) ships;
- (18) \$160,000,000 for advanced procurement for Landing Ship Medium;
- (19) \$1,803,941,000 for procurement of Landing Ship Medium;
- (20) \$295,000,000 for development of a second Landing Craft Utility shipyard and production of additional Landing Craft Utility;
- (21) \$100,000,000 for advanced procurement for light replenishment oiler program;
- (22) \$600,000,000 for the lease or purchase of new ships through the National Defense Sealift Fund;
- (23) \$2,725,000,000 for the procurement of T-AO oilers;
- (24) \$500,000,000 for cost-to-complete for rescue and salvage ships;
- (25) \$300,000,000 for production of ship-to-shore connectors;
- (26) \$1,470,000,000 for the implementation of a multi-ship amphibious warship contract;
- (27) \$80,000,000 for accelerated development of vertical launch system reloading at sea;

(28) \$250,000,000 for expansion of Navy corrosion control programs;

(29) \$159,000,000 for leasing of ships for Marine Corps operations;

(30) \$1,534,000,000 for expansion of small unmanned surface vessel production;

(31) \$2,100,000,000 for development, procurement, and integration of purpose-built medium unmanned surface vessels;

(32) \$1,300,000,000 for expansion of unmanned underwater vehicle production;

(33) \$188,360,000 for the development and testing of maritime robotic autonomous systems and enabling technologies;

(34) \$174,000,000 for the development of a Test Resource Management Center robotic autonomous systems proving ground;

(35) \$250,000,000 for the development, production, and integration of wave-powered unmanned underwater vehicles; and

(36) \$150,000,000 for retention of inactive reserve fleet ships.

SEC. 20003. ENHANCEMENT OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE RESOURCES FOR INTEGRATED AIR AND MISSILE DEFENSE.

(a) Next Generation Missile Defense Technologies.—In addition to amounts otherwise available, there are appropriated to the Secretary of Defense for fiscal year 2025, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to remain available until September 30, 2029—

(1) \$250,000,000 for development and testing of directed energy capabilities by the Under Secretary for Research and Engineering;

(2) \$500,000,000 for national security space launch infrastructure;

(3) \$2,000,000,000 for air moving target indicator military satellites;

(4) \$400,000,000 for expansion of Multi-Service Advanced Capability Hypersonic Test Bed program;

(5) \$5,600,000,000 for development of space-based and boost phase intercept capabilities;

(6) \$7,200,000,000 for the development, procurement, and integration of military space-based sensors; and

(7) \$2,550,000,000 for the development, procurement, and integration of military missile defense capabilities.

(b) Layered Homeland Defense.—In addition to amounts otherwise available, there are appropriated to the Secretary of Defense for fiscal year 2025, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to remain available until September 30, 2029—

(1) \$2,200,000,000 for acceleration of hypersonic defense systems;

(2) \$800,000,000 for accelerated development and deployment of next-generation intercontinental ballistic missile defense systems;

(3) \$408,000,000 for Army space and strategic missile test range infrastructure restoration and modernization in the United States Indo-Pacific Command area of operations west of the international dateline;

(4) \$1,975,000,000 for improved ground-based missile defense radars; and

(5) \$530,000,000 for the design and construction of Missile Defense Agency missile instrumentation range safety ship.

SEC. 20004. ENHANCEMENT OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE RESOURCES FOR MUNITIONS AND DEFENSE SUPPLY CHAIN RESILIENCY.

(a) Appropriations.—In addition to amounts otherwise available, there are appropriated to the Secretary of Defense for fiscal year 2025, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to remain available until September 30, 2029—

(1) \$400,000,000 for the development, production, and integration of Navy and Air Force long-range anti-ship missiles;

(2) \$380,000,000 for production capacity expansion for Navy and Air Force long-range anti-ship missiles;

(3) \$490,000,000 for the development, production, and integration of Navy and Air Force long-range air-to-surface missiles;

(4) \$94,000,000 for the development, production, and integration of alternative Navy and Air Force long-range air-to-surface missiles;

(5) \$630,000,000 for the development, production, and integration of long-range Navy air defense and anti-ship missiles;

(6) \$688,000,000 for the development, production, and integration of long-range multi-service cruise missiles;

(7) \$250,000,000 for production capacity expansion and supplier base strengthening of long-range multi-service cruise missiles;

(8) \$70,000,000 for the development, production, and integration of short-range Navy and Marine Corps anti-ship missiles;

(9) \$100,000,000 for the development of an anti-ship seeker for short-range Army ballistic missiles;

(10) \$175,000,000 for production capacity expansion for next-generation Army medium-range ballistic missiles;

(11) \$50,000,000 for the mitigation of diminishing manufacturing sources for medium-range air-to-air missiles;

(12) \$250,000,000 for the procurement of medium-range air-to-air missiles;

1 (13) \$225,000,000 for the expansion of production capacity for medium-range air-to-air
2 missiles;

3 (14) \$50,000,000 for the development of second sources for components of short-range
4 air-to-air missiles;

5 (15) \$325,000,000 for production capacity improvements for air-launched anti-radiation
6 missiles;

7 (16) \$50,000,000 for the accelerated development of Army next-generation medium-
8 range anti-ship ballistic missiles;

9 (17) \$114,000,000 for the production of Army next-generation medium-range ballistic
10 missiles;

11 (18) \$300,000,000 for the production of Army medium-range ballistic missiles;

12 (19) \$85,000,000 for the accelerated development of Army long-range ballistic missiles;

13 (20) \$400,000,000 for the production of heavyweight torpedoes;

14 (21) \$200,000,000 for the development, procurement, and integration of mass-producible
15 autonomous underwater munitions;

16 (22) \$70,000,000 for the improvement of heavyweight torpedo maintenance activities;

17 (23) \$200,000,000 for the production of lightweight torpedoes;

18 (24) \$500,000,000 for the development, procurement, and integration of maritime mines;

19 (25) \$50,000,000 for the development, procurement, and integration of new underwater
20 explosives;

21 (26) \$55,000,000 for the development, procurement, and integration of lightweight multi-
22 mission torpedoes;

23 (27) \$80,000,000 for the production of sonobuoys;

24 (28) \$150,000,000 for the development, procurement, and integration of air-delivered
25 long-range maritime mines;

26 (29) \$61,000,000 for the acceleration of Navy expeditionary loitering munitions
27 deployment;

28 (30) \$50,000,000 for the acceleration of one-way attack unmanned aerial systems with
29 advanced autonomy;

30 (31) \$1,000,000,000 for the expansion of the one-way attack unmanned aerial systems
31 industrial base;

32 (32) \$200,000,000 for investments in solid rocket motor industrial base through the
33 Industrial Base Fund established under section 4817 of title 10, United States Code;

34 (33) \$400,000,000 for investments in the emerging solid rocket motor industrial base
35 through the Industrial Base Fund established under section 4817 of title 10, United States
36 Code;

37 (34) \$42,000,000 for investments in second sources for large-diameter solid rocket

1 motors for hypersonic missiles;

2 (35) \$1,000,000,000 for the creation of next-generation automated munitions production
3 factories;

4 (36) \$170,000,000 for the development of advanced radar depot for repair, testing, and
5 production of radar and electronic warfare systems;

6 (37) \$25,000,000 for the expansion of the Department of Defense industrial base policy
7 analysis workforce;

8 (38) \$30,300,000 for the repair of Army missiles;

9 (39) \$100,000,000 for the production of small and medium ammunition;

10 (40) \$2,000,000,000 for additional activities to improve the United States stockpile of
11 critical minerals through the National Defense Stockpile Transaction Fund, authorized by
12 subchapter III of chapter 5 of title 50, United States Code;

13 (41) \$10,000,000 for the expansion of the Department of Defense armaments cooperation
14 workforce;

15 (42) \$500,000,000 for the expansion of the Defense Exportability Features program;

16 (43) \$350,000,000 for production of Navy long-range air and missile defense
17 interceptors;

18 (44) \$93,000,000 for replacement of Navy long-range air and missile defense
19 interceptors;

20 (45) \$100,000,000 for development of a second solid rocket motor source for Navy air
21 defense and anti ship missiles;

22 (46) \$65,000,000 for expansion of production capacity of Missile Defense Agency long-
23 range anti-ballistic missiles;

24 (47) \$225,000,000 for expansion of production capacity for Navy air defense and anti-
25 ship missiles;

26 (48) \$103,300,000 for expansion of depot level maintenance facility for Navy long-range
27 air and missile defense interceptors;

28 (49) \$18,000,000 for creation of domestic source for guidance section of Navy short-
29 range air defense missiles;

30 (50) \$65,000,000 for integration of Army medium-range air and missile defense
31 interceptor with Navy ships;

32 (51) \$176,100,000 for production of Army long-range movable missile defense radar;

33 (52) \$167,000,000 for accelerated fielding of Army short-range gun-based air and missile
34 defense system;

35 (53) \$40,000,000 for development of low-cost alternatives to air and missile defense
36 interceptors;

37 (54) \$50,000,000 for acceleration of Army next-generation shoulder-fired air defense
38 system;

(55) \$91,000,000 for production of Army next-generation shoulder-fired air defense system;

(56) \$500,000,000 for development, production, and integration of counter-unmanned aerial systems programs;

(57) \$350,000,000 for development, production, and integration of non-kinetic counter-unmanned aerial systems programs;

(58) \$250,000,000 for development, production, and integration of land-based counter-unmanned aerial systems programs;

(59) \$200,000,000 for development, production, and integration of ship-based counter-unmanned aerial systems programs;

(60) \$400,000,000 for acceleration of hypersonic strike programs;

(61) \$167,000,000 for procurement of additional launchers for Army medium-range air and missile defense interceptors;

(62) \$500,000,000 for expansion of defense advanced manufacturing techniques;

(63) \$1,000,000 for establishment of the Joint Energetics Transition Office;

(64) \$200,000,000 for acceleration of Army medium-range air and missile defense interceptors;

(65) \$150,000,000 for additive manufacturing for propellant;

(66) \$250,000,000 for expansion and acceleration of penetrating munitions production; and

(67) \$50,000,000 for development, procurement, and integration of precision extended-range artillery.

(b) Appropriation.—In addition to amounts otherwise available, there is appropriated to the Secretary of Defense for fiscal year 2025, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to remain available until September 30, 2029, \$3,300,000,000 for grants and purchase commitments made pursuant to the Industrial Base Fund established under section 4817 of title 10, United States Code.

(c) Appropriation.—In addition to amounts otherwise available, there is appropriated to the Secretary of Defense for fiscal year 2025, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to remain available until September 30, 2029, \$5,000,000,000 for investments in critical minerals supply chains made pursuant to the Industrial Base Fund established under section 4817 of title 10, United States Code.

(d) Appropriations.—In addition to amounts otherwise available, there is appropriated to the Secretary of Defense, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to remain available until September 30, 2029, \$500,000,000 to the “Department of Defense Credit Program Account” to carry out the capital assistance program, including loans, loan guarantees, and technical assistance, established under section 149(e) of title 10, United States Code, for critical minerals and related industries and projects, including related Covered Technology Categories: Provided, That—

(1) such amounts are available to subsidize gross obligations for the principal amount of

1 direct loans, and total loan principal, any part of which is to be guaranteed, not to exceed
2 \$100,000,000,000; and

3 (2) such amounts are available to cover all costs and expenditures as provided under
4 section 149(e)(5)(B) of title 10, United States Code.

5 **SEC. 20005. ENHANCEMENT OF DEPARTMENT OF**
6 **DEFENSE RESOURCES FOR SCALING LOW-COST**
7 **WEAPONS INTO PRODUCTION.**

8 (a) Appropriations.—In addition to amounts otherwise available, there are appropriated to the
9 Secretary of Defense for fiscal year 2025, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise
10 appropriated, to remain available until September 30, 2029—

11 (1) \$25,000,000 for the Office of Strategic Capital Global Technology Scout program;

12 (2) \$1,400,000,000 for the expansion of the small unmanned aerial system industrial
13 base;

14 (3) \$400,000,000 for the development and deployment of the Joint Fires Network and
15 associated joint battle management capabilities;

16 (4) \$400,000,000 for the expansion of advanced command-and-control tools to combatant
17 commands and military departments;

18 (5) \$100,000,000 for the development of shared secure facilities for the defense industrial
19 base;

20 (6) \$50,000,000 for the creation of additional Defense Innovation Unit OnRamp Hubs;

21 (7) \$600,000,000 for the acceleration of Strategic Capabilities Office programs;

22 (8) \$650,000,000 for the expansion of Mission Capabilities office joint prototyping and
23 experimentation activities for military innovation;

24 (9) \$500,000,000 for the accelerated development and integration of advanced 5G/6G
25 technologies for military use;

26 (10) \$25,000,000 for testing of simultaneous transmit and receive technology for military
27 spectrum agility;

28 (11) \$50,000,000 for the development, procurement, and integration of high-altitude
29 stratospheric balloons for military use;

30 (12) \$120,000,000 for the development, procurement, and integration of long-endurance
31 unmanned aerial systems for surveillance;

32 (13) \$40,000,000 for the development, procurement, and integration of alternative
33 positioning and navigation technology to enable military operations in contested
34 electromagnetic environments;

35 (14) \$750,000,000 for the acceleration of innovative military logistics and energy
36 capability development and deployment;

37 (15) \$125,000,000 for the acceleration of development of small, portable modular nuclear

1 reactors for military use;

2 (16) \$1,000,000,000 for the expansion of programs to accelerate the procurement and
3 fielding of innovative technologies;

4 (17) \$90,000,000 for the development of reusable hypersonic technology for military
5 strikes;

6 (18) \$2,000,000,000 for the expansion of Defense Innovation Unit scaling of commercial
7 technology for military use;

8 (19) \$500,000,000 to prevent delays in delivery of attritable autonomous military
9 capabilities;

10 (20) \$1,500,000,000 for the development, procurement, and integration of low-cost cruise
11 missiles;

12 (21) \$124,000,000 for improvements to Test Resource Management Center artificial
13 intelligence capabilities;

14 (22) \$145,000,000 for the development of artificial intelligence to enable one-way attack
15 unmanned aerial systems and naval systems;

16 (23) \$250,000,000 for the development of the Test Resource Management Center digital
17 test environment;

18 (24) \$250,000,000 for the advancement of the artificial intelligence ecosystem;

19 (25) \$250,000,000 for the expansion of Cyber Command artificial intelligence lines of
20 effort;

21 (26) \$250,000,000 for the acceleration of the Quantum Benchmarking Initiative;

22 (27) \$1,000,000,000 for the expansion and acceleration of qualification activities and
23 technical data management to enhance competition in defense industrial base;

24 (28) \$400,000,000 for the expansion of the defense manufacturing technology program;

25 (29) \$1,685,000,000 for military cryptographic modernization activities;

26 (30) \$90,000,000 for APEX Accelerators, the Mentor-Protege Program, and
27 cybersecurity support to small non-traditional contractors;

28 (31) \$250,000,000 for the development, procurement, and integration of Air Force low-
29 cost counter-air capabilities;

30 (32) \$10,000,000 for additional Air Force wargaming activities; and

31 (33) \$20,000,000 for the Office of Strategic Capital workforce.

32 (b) Appropriations.—In addition to amounts otherwise available, there are appropriated to the
33 Secretary of Defense, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to remain
34 available until September 30, 2029, \$1,000,000,000 to the “Department of Defense Credit
35 Program Account” to carry out the capital assistance program, including loans, loan guarantees,
36 and technical assistance, established under section 149(e) of title 10, United States Code:
37 Provided, That—

38 (1) such amounts are available to subsidize gross obligations for the principal amount of

1 direct loans, and total loan principal, any part of which is to be guaranteed, not to exceed
2 \$100,000,000,000; and

3 (2) such amounts are available to cover all costs and expenditures as provided under
4 section 149(e)(5)(B) of title 10, United States Code.

5 **SEC. 20006. ENHANCEMENT OF DEPARTMENT OF**
6 **DEFENSE RESOURCES FOR IMPROVING THE**
7 **EFFICIENCY AND CYBERSECURITY OF THE**
8 **DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.**

9 In addition to amounts otherwise available, there are appropriated to the Secretary of Defense
10 for fiscal year 2025, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to remain
11 available until September 30, 2029—

12 (1) \$150,000,000 for business systems replacement to accelerate the audits of the
13 financial statements of the Department of Defense pursuant to chapter 9A and section 2222
14 of title 10, United States Code;

15 (2) \$200,000,000 for the deployment of automation and artificial intelligence to
16 accelerate the audits of the financial statements of the Department of Defense pursuant to
17 chapter 9A and section 2222 of title 10, United States Code;

18 (3) \$10,000,000 for the improvement of the budgetary and programmatic infrastructure of
19 the Office of the Secretary of Defense; and

20 (4) \$20,000,000 for defense cybersecurity programs of the Defense Advanced Research
21 Projects Agency.

22 **SEC. 20007. ENHANCEMENT OF DEPARTMENT OF**
23 **DEFENSE RESOURCES FOR AIR SUPERIORITY.**

24 In addition to amounts otherwise available, there are appropriated to the Secretary of Defense
25 for fiscal year 2025, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to remain
26 available until September 30, 2029—

27 (1) \$3,150,000,000 to increase F–15EX aircraft production;

28 (2) \$361,220,000 to prevent the retirement of F–22 aircraft;

29 (3) \$127,460,000 to prevent the retirement of F–15E aircraft;

30 (4) \$187,000,000 to accelerate installation of F–16 electronic warfare capability;

31 (5) \$116,000,000 for C–17A Mobility Aircraft Connectivity;

32 (6) \$84,000,000 for KC–135 Mobility Aircraft Connectivity;

33 (7) \$440,000,000 to increase C–130J production;

34 (8) \$474,000,000 to increase EA–37B production;

35 (9) \$678,000,000 to accelerate the Collaborative Combat Aircraft program;

- (10) \$400,000,000 to accelerate production of the F-47 aircraft;
- (11) \$750,000,000 accelerate the FA/XX aircraft;
- (12) \$100,000,000 for production of Advanced Aerial Sensors;
- (13) \$160,000,000 to accelerate V-22 nacelle and reliability and safety improvements;
- (14) \$100,000,000 to accelerate production of MQ-25 aircraft;
- (15) \$270,000,000 for development, procurement, and integration of Marine Corps unmanned combat aircraft;
- (16) \$96,000,000 for the procurement and integration of infrared search and track pods;
- (17) \$50,000,000 for the procurement and integration of additional F-15EX conformal fuel tanks;
- (18) \$600,000,000 for the development, procurement, and integration of Air Force long-range strike aircraft; and
- (19) \$500,000,000 for the development, procurement, and integration of Navy long-range strike aircraft.

SEC. 20008. ENHANCEMENT OF RESOURCES FOR NUCLEAR FORCES.

(a) DOD Appropriations.—In addition to amounts otherwise available, there are appropriated to the Secretary of Defense for fiscal year 2025, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to remain available until September 30, 2029—

- (1) \$2,500,000,000 for risk reduction activities for the Sentinel intercontinental ballistic missile program;
- (2) \$4,500,000,000 only for expansion of production capacity of B-21 long-range bomber aircraft and the purchase of aircraft only available through the expansion of production capacity;
- (3) \$500,000,000 for improvements to the Minuteman III intercontinental ballistic missile system;
- (4) \$100,000,000 for capability enhancements to intercontinental ballistic missile reentry vehicles;
- (5) \$148,000,000 for the expansion of D5 missile motor production;
- (6) \$400,000,000 to accelerate the development of Trident D5LE2 submarine-launched ballistic missiles;
- (7) \$2,000,000,000 to accelerate the development, procurement, and integration of the nuclear-armed sea-launched cruise missile;
- (8) \$62,000,000 to convert Ohio-class submarine tubes to accept additional missiles, not to be obligated before March 1, 2026;
- (9) \$168,000,000 to accelerate the production of the Survivable Airborne Operations Center program;

(10) \$65,000,000 to accelerate the modernization of nuclear command, control, and communications;

(11) \$210,300,000 for the increased production of MH-139 helicopters; and

(12) \$150,000,000 to accelerate the development, procurement, and integration of military nuclear weapons delivery programs.

(b) NNSA Appropriations.—In addition to amounts otherwise available, there are appropriated to the Administrator of the National Nuclear Security Administration for fiscal year 2025, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to remain available until September 30, 2029—

(1) \$200,000,000 to perform National Nuclear Security Administration Phase 1 studies pursuant to section 3211 of the National Nuclear Security Administration Act (50 U.S.C. 2401);

(2) \$540,000,000 to address deferred maintenance and repair needs of the National Nuclear Security Administration pursuant to section 3211 of the National Nuclear Security Administration Act (50 U.S.C. 2401);

(3) \$1,000,000,000 to accelerate the construction of National Nuclear Security Administration facilities pursuant to section 3211 of the National Nuclear Security Administration Act (50 U.S.C. 2401);

(4) \$400,000,000 to accelerate the development, procurement, and integration of the warhead for the nuclear-armed sea-launched cruise missile pursuant to section 3211 of the National Nuclear Security Administration Act (50 U.S.C. 2401);

(5) \$750,000,000 to accelerate primary capability modernization pursuant to section 3211 of the National Nuclear Security Administration Act (50 U.S.C. 2401);

(6) \$750,000,000 to accelerate secondary capability modernization pursuant to section 3211 of the National Nuclear Security Administration Act (50 U.S.C. 2401);

(7) \$120,000,000 to accelerate domestic uranium enrichment centrifuge deployment for defense purposes pursuant to section 3211 of the National Nuclear Security Administration Act (50 U.S.C. 2401);

(8) \$10,000,000 for National Nuclear Security Administration evaluation of spent fuel reprocessing technology; and

(9) \$115,000,000 for accelerating nuclear national security missions through artificial intelligence.

SEC. 20009. ENHANCEMENT OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE RESOURCES TO IMPROVE CAPABILITIES OF UNITED STATES INDO-PACIFIC COMMAND.

In addition to amounts otherwise available, there are appropriated to the Secretary of Defense for fiscal year 2025, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to remain available until September 30, 2029—

1 (1) \$365,000,000 for Army exercises and operations in the Western Pacific area of
2 operations;

3 (2) \$53,000,000 for Special Operations Command exercises and operations in the
4 Western Pacific area of operations;

5 (3) \$47,000,000 for Marine Corps exercises and operations in Western Pacific area of
6 operations;

7 (4) \$90,000,000 for Air Force exercises and operations in Western Pacific area of
8 operations;

9 (5) \$532,600,000 for the Pacific Air Force biennial large-scale exercise;

10 (6) \$19,000,000 for the development of naval small craft capabilities;

11 (7) \$35,000,000 for military additive manufacturing capabilities in the United States
12 Indo-Pacific Command area of operations west of the international dateline;

13 (8) \$450,000,000 for the development of airfields within the area of operations of United
14 States Indo-Pacific Command;

15 (9) \$1,100,000,000 for development of infrastructure within the area of operations of
16 United States Indo-Pacific Command;

17 (10) \$124,000,000 for mission networks for United States Indo-Pacific Command;

18 (11) \$100,000,000 for Air Force regionally based cluster pre-position base kits;

19 (12) \$115,000,000 for exploration and development of existing Arctic infrastructure;

20 (13) \$90,000,000 for the accelerated development of non-kinetic capabilities;

21 (14) \$20,000,000 for United States Indo-Pacific Command military exercises;

22 (15) \$143,000,000 for anti-submarine sonar arrays;

23 (16) \$30,000,000 for surveillance and reconnaissance capabilities for United States
24 Africa Command;

25 (17) \$30,000,000 for surveillance and reconnaissance capabilities for United States Indo-
26 Pacific Command;

27 (18) \$500,000,000 for the development, coordination, and deployment of economic
28 competition effects within the Department of Defense;

29 (19) \$10,000,000 for the expansion of Department of Defense workforce for economic
30 competition;

31 (20) \$1,000,000,000 for offensive cyber operations;

32 (21) \$500,000,000 for personnel and operations costs associated with forces assigned to
33 United States Indo-Pacific Command;

34 (22) \$300,000,000 for the procurement of mesh network communications capabilities for
35 Special Operations Command Pacific;

36 (23) \$850,000,000 for the replenishment of military articles;

- 1 (24) \$200,000,000 for acceleration of Guam Defense System program;
2 (25) \$68,000,000 for Space Force facilities improvements;
3 (26) \$150,000,000 for ground moving target indicator military satellites;
4 (27) \$528,000,000 for DARC and SILENTBARKER military space situational awareness
5 programs;
6 (28) \$80,000,000 for Navy Operational Support Division;
7 (29) \$1,000,000,000 for the X-37B military spacecraft program;
8 (30) \$3,650,000,000 for the development, procurement, and integration of United States
9 military satellites and the protection of United States military satellites.
10 (31) \$125,000,000 for the development, procurement, and integration of military space
11 communications.
12 (32) \$350,000,000 for the development, procurement, and integration of military space
13 command and control systems.

14 **SEC. 20010. ENHANCEMENT OF DEPARTMENT OF**
15 **DEFENSE RESOURCES FOR IMPROVING THE**
16 **READINESS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.**

17 In addition to amounts otherwise available, there are appropriated to the Secretary of Defense
18 for fiscal year 2025, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to remain
19 available until September 30, 2029—

- 20 (1) \$1,400,000,000 for a pilot program on OPN-8 maritime spares and repair rotatable
21 pool;
22 (2) \$700,000,000 for a pilot program on OPN-8 maritime spares and repair rotatable pool
23 for amphibious ships;
24 (3) \$2,118,000,000 for spares and repairs to keep Air Force aircraft mission capable;
25 (4) \$1,500,000,000 for Army depot modernization and capacity enhancement;
26 (5) \$2,000,000,000 for Navy depot and shipyard modernization and capacity
27 enhancement;
28 (6) \$250,000,000 for Air Force depot modernization and capacity enhancement;
29 (7) \$1,640,000,000 for Special Operations Command equipment, readiness, and
30 operations;
31 (8) \$500,000,000 for National Guard unit readiness;
32 (9) \$400,000,000 for Marine Corps readiness and capabilities;
33 (10) \$20,000,000 for upgrades to Marine Corps utility helicopters;
34 (11) \$310,000,000 for next-generation vertical lift, assault, and intra-theater aeromedical
35 evacuation aircraft;

(12) \$75,000,000 for the procurement of anti-lock braking systems for Army wheeled transport vehicles;

(13) \$230,000,000 for the procurement of Army wheeled combat vehicles;

(14) \$63,000,000 for the development of advanced rotary-wing engines;

(15) \$241,000,000 for the development, procurement, and integration of Marine Corps amphibious vehicles;

(16) \$250,000,000 for the procurement of Army tracked combat transport vehicles;

(17) \$98,000,000 for additional Army light rotary-wing capabilities;

(18) \$1,500,000,000 for increased depot maintenance and shipyard maintenance activities;

(19) \$2,500,000,000 for Air Force facilities sustainment, restoration, and modernization;

(20) \$92,500,000 for the completion of Robotic Combat Vehicle prototyping;

(21) \$125,000,000 for Army operations;

(22) \$10,000,000 for the Air Force Concepts, Development, and Management Office; and

(23) \$320,000,000 for Joint Special Operations Command.

SEC. 20011. IMPROVING DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE BORDER SUPPORT AND COUNTER-DRUG MISSIONS.

In addition to amounts otherwise available, there are appropriated to the Secretary of Defense for fiscal year 2025, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to remain available until September 30, 2029, \$1,000,000,000 for the deployment of military personnel in support of border operations, operations and maintenance activities in support of border operations, counter-narcotics and counter-transnational criminal organization mission support, the operation of national defense areas and construction in national defense areas, and the temporary detention of migrants on Department of Defense installations.

SEC. 20012. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE OVERSIGHT.

In addition to amounts otherwise available, there is appropriated to the Inspector General of the Department of Defense for fiscal year 2025, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, \$10,000,000, to remain available through September 30, 2029, to monitor Department of Defense activities for which funding is appropriated in this title, including—

(1) programs with mutual technological dependencies;

(2) programs with related data management and data ownership considerations; and

(3) programs particularly vulnerable to supply chain disruptions and long lead time components.

SEC. 20013. MILITARY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS AUTHORIZED.

(a) Authorization of Appropriations.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for military construction, land acquisition, and military family housing functions of each military department (as defined in section 101(a) of title 10, United States Code) as specified in this title.

(b) Spending Plan.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this title, the Secretary of each military department shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a detailed spending plan by project for all funds made available by this title to be expended on military construction projects.

SEC. 20014. MULTI-YEAR OPERATIONAL PLAN.

(a) In General.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense and the Administrator of the National Nuclear Security Administration shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a plan detailing how the funds appropriated to the Department of Defense and the National Nuclear Security Administration under the Act will be spent over the four-year period ending with fiscal year 2029.

(b) Quarterly Updates.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than the last day of each calendar quarter beginning during the applicable period, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the plan established under subsection (a), including—

(A) any updates to the plan;

(B) progress made in implementing the plan; and

(C) any changes in circumstances or challenges in implementing the plan.

(2) APPLICABLE PERIOD.—For purposes of paragraph (1), the applicable period is the period beginning one year after the date the plan required under subsection (a) is due and ending on September 30, 2029.

(c) Reduction in Appropriation.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—In the case of any failure to submit a plan required under subsection (a) or a report required under subsection (b) by the date specified in paragraph (2), the amounts made available to the Department of Defense under this Act shall be reduced by \$100,000 for each day after such specified date that the report has not been submitted to Congress.

(2) SPECIFIED DATE.—For purposes of the reduction in appropriations under paragraph (1), the specified date is the date that is 60 days after the date the plan or report is required to be submitted under subsection (a) or (b), as the case may be.